



# CHINA TECHNOLOGY SOLAR POWER HOLDINGS LIMITED 中科光電控股有限公司\*

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code: 8111)

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This report, for which the directors ("**Directors**") of China Technology Solar Power Holdings Limited ("**Company**") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange ("**GEM Listing Rules**") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

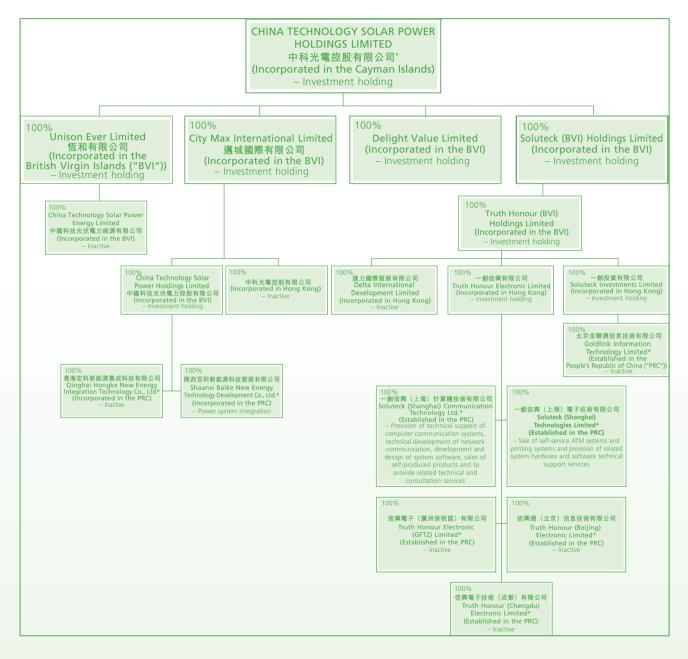
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# **CORPORATE STRUCTURE**

The following chart illustrates the corporate structure of the Company and its subsidiaries and their respective principal business activities as at 31 March 2013:



\* For identification purpose only

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **Executive directors**

Mr. Chiu Tung Ping (Chairman and appointed as Chief executive officer on 13 July 2012)
Mr. Zhang Shenxin (Vice-Chairman appointed on 13 May 2013)
Ms. Yuen Hing Lan
Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing
Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen (ceased to be the Chief executive officer on 13 July 2012)
Mr. Leung King Pak (resigned on 13 July 2012)
Ms. Hu Xin

#### Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William Mr. Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012) Mr. Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)

#### **Company secretary**

Ms. Chan Mi Ling, Anita, FCCA, CPA, ACA

#### Authorised representatives

Ms. Hu Xin (appointed as an authorised representative on 13 July 2012)
Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen (ceased to be the authorised representative on 13 July 2012)
Ms. Chan Mi Ling, Anita, FCCA, CPA, ACA

#### **Compliance officer**

Ms. Hu Xin (appointed as the compliance officer on 13 July 2012)

Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen (ceased to be the compliance officer on 13 July 2012)

#### Members of audit committee

Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William (Chairman) Mr. Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012) Mr. Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)

#### Members of remuneration committee

Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William (Chairman) Mr. Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012) Mr. Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)

#### Members of nomination committee

Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William (Chairman) Mr. Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012) Mr. Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)

#### Members of corporate governance committee

Mr. Chiu Tung Ping (*Chairman*) Mr. Zhang Shenxin (*appointed on 13 May 2013*) Ms. Yuen Hing Lan Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen Ms. Hu Xin

#### **Auditors**

W. H. Tang & Partners CPA Limited Level 7, Parkview Centre 7 Lau Li Street Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

#### **Registered office**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

#### Head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong

Room 1801, 18th Floor, Kai Tak Commercial Building, 317 & 319 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong

#### **Company website**

www.chinatechsolar.com

#### Principal share registrar and transfer office

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

#### Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

#### Hong Kong branch warrant registrar and transfer office

Tricor Services Limited Level 28, Three Pacific Place 1 Queen's Road East Hong Kong (register kept in Macau)

#### Hong Kong branch convertible bond registrar and transfer office

Tricor Services Limited Level 28, Three Pacific Place 1 Queen's Road East Hong Kong (register kept in Macau)

GEM Stock Code 8111

# **LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN**

#### **ANNUAL RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS**

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 was approximately HK\$0.6 million (the loss attributable to equity holders of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 was approximately HK\$49.7 million).

The revenue of the Group from continuing operations for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 was approximately HK\$52.3 million, representing an increase of approximately 63.9 per cent. as compared with approximately HK\$31.9 million for the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

Gross profit margin of the Group was approximately 34.4 per cent. in the financial year ended 31 March 2013, as compared to approximately 23.6 per cent. in the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

Basic earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 was approximately HK0.06 cents (basic loss per share from continuing and discontinued operations for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 was approximately HK5.70 cents).

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: Nil).

I am pleased to present the annual results of China Technology Solar Power Holdings Limited ("**Company**", together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**").

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in (i) sales of self-service automatic teller machine ("**ATM**") systems and printing systems, (ii) provision of hardware and software technical support services, (iii) solar energy generation, and (iv) power system integration business in the People's Republic of China ("**PRC**" or "**China**") during the year ended 31 March 2013.

The Group's revenue from continuing operations amounted to approximately HK\$52.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2013, representing an increase of approximately 63.9 per cent. as compared with approximately HK\$31.9 million recorded for the financial year ended 31 March 2012, mainly due to the increase in the revenue derived from the ATM and printing systems operation of approximately HK\$10.9 million and the power system integration business of approximately HK\$9.5 million.

The Group's gross profit margin was approximately 34.4 per cent. in the financial year ended 31 March 2013, as compared to approximately 23.6 per cent. in the financial year ended 31 March 2012. The increase in the gross profit margin was mainly as a result of the approximately 23.9 per cent. and approximately 81.8 per cent. gross profit margin attributable to the ATM and printing systems operation and power system integration business respectively during the year ended 31 March 2013, while there was only approximately 23.6 per cent. and approximately 0 per cent. gross profit margin derived from the ATM and printing systems operation and the power system integration business respectively in last year.

The Group recorded a profit attributable to equity holders of the Company amounting to approximately HK\$0.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: loss attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$49.7 million), mainly as a result of the gross profit attributable to the power system integration business of approximately HK\$7.8 million, the gain on cancellation of convertible bonds of approximately HK\$15.8 million, and the Group's policy on cost control. Please refer to the Management Discussion and Analysis section of this report for details.

# **LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN**

Basic earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations was approximately HK0.06 cents for the year ended 31 March 2013, as compared with the basic loss per share from continuing and discontinued operations of approximately HK5.70 cents for the year ended 31 March 2012.

#### ATM SYSTEMS AND PRINTING SYSTEMS OPERATION

The Group is recognized as a professional ATM software, hardware and service company in the ATM sector, and is an authorized value-added reseller of self-service ATM systems of NCR (Beijing) Financial Equipment System Co., Ltd and a marketing agent for Fuji Xerox for its printing systems in China.

In respect of marketing and sales of self-service ATM systems and printing systems, as well as the provision of system maintenance and enhancement services to financial institutions, the Group maintained its position with new contracts clinched with Postal Savings Bank of China, Bank of Communications, Bank of Shanghai, Bank of Wenzhou, Bank of Yingkou, Rural Commercial Banks, the Rural Credit Cooperatives of China, several branches of the China State Postal Bureau, the Ministry of Public Security of the PRC, Hankou Bank and Huarong Xiangjiang Bank during the year under review.

The Group will fully commit itself to being one of the leading ATM total solution providers in the banking sector in the PRC and offer a full range of banking and financial system solutions for the banking and financial sectors, and persist to put efforts on enhancing closer customer relationships, broadening business relationships and exploring new business opportunities in corporate outsourcing technical service sector.

Leveraging on our prudent and experienced management and our strong and determined workforce, the Group, by keeping on boosting its marketing effort in the PRC to bring in new customers, will strive to maintain and expand its operations further, thus expanding our market share while at the same time bringing greater return to our shareholders.

#### SOLAR ENERGY GENERATION AND POWER SYSTEM INTEGRATION OPERATION

The Group has completed the acquisition of China Technology Solar Power Holdings Limited ("**CTSP (BVI)**"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, on 1 June 2011. CTSP (BVI) and its subsidiaries ("**Solar Business Sub-Group**") are principally engaged in (i) solar energy generation and (ii) related power system integration business in the PRC. The acquisition is an opportunity for the Company to diversify its scope of business and to enter into the new energy industry, so as to maximize the shareholders' value.

#### Solar energy generation

During the year ended 31 March 2013, income generated from solar energy generation amounted to approximately HK\$13.7 million (2012: Nil).

On 28 December 2011, Qinghai Baike Solar Power Co., Ltd\* (青海百科光電有限責任公司) ("Qinghai Baike"), a company established in the PRC with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of CTSP (BVI), has completed the construction of a 10MW solar photovoltaic power station in 青海省格爾木東出口光伏園區 (unofficial English translation being Geermu East Exit Solar Power District, Qinghai province) ("10MW Geermu Power Station") and passed the grid integration inspection tests with the consent of 青海省電力公司 (unofficial English translation being Qinghai Province Electric Company). On 30 December 2011, Qinghai Baike has received the notification from 青海省發展和改革委員會 (unofficial English translation being Qinghai Province Development and Reform Committee) ("Committee") that the 10MW Geermu Power Station has passed the inspection test of the Committee, and has conformed with the normal operations of the PRC, from the date of commercial operation of the 10MW Geermu Power Station, the unit selling price of electricity shall be set at RMB1.15/kWh (inclusive of tax). Up to 20 November 2012, the total grid electricity generation volume of the 10MW Geermu Power Station has reached 11,354,669 kWh.

# **LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN**

On 6 September 2012, CTSP (BVI) and 青海省綠色發電集團有限公司 (unofficial English translation being Qinghai Green Power Generation Group Ltd.) ("**Purchaser**") entered into the disposal agreement ("**Disposal Agreement**") pursuant to which CTSP (BVI) has conditionally agreed to sell, and the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to acquire, the entire equity interest in Qinghai Baike at a total consideration of RMB46,800,000 (subject to deduction as provided for in the Disposal Agreement) ("**Disposal**"). All conditions set out in the Disposal Agreement have been fulfilled (or, where applicable, waived) and the completion took place on 20 November 2012. Upon completion, the Company ceased to hold any interest in Qinghai Baike and Qinghai Baike ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company.

Therefore, the results of operation of the solar energy generation business of Qinghai Baike in relation to the 10MW Geermu Power Station and the project to construct solar photovoltaic power station with the capacity of 20MW in Delingha ("**20MW Delingha Project**") (which has not yet been commenced) in Qinghai Baike are presented as a discontinued operation in the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013.

However, the Group will continue its investment in solar energy generation projects of smaller capacity and less capital expenditure requirement.

## Power system integration business

As the new energy industry such as solar photovoltaic power stations and biomass energy power stations are emerging in the PRC, the need for system integration services grows accordingly. As the contracting parties in the two agreements for the provision of one-off service on system integration services for biomass energy, thermal power and solar energy generation companies and projects (as mentioned in the circular of the Company dated 16 May 2011) are still in the process of obtaining the necessary licenses from the respective government authorities, the Solar Business Sub-Group has not yet commenced such system integration services.

Nevertheless, the revenue generated from the provision of one-off technology consultation and design services to the 20MW Delingha project during the financial year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$9.5 million (2012: Nil) pursuant a technology consultation service agreement ("**Consultation Service Agreement**") entered into between CTSP (BVI) and the Purchaser on the date of the Disposal Agreement.

#### DIVIDEND

The board of Directors ("**Board**") does not recommend the payment of a dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: Nil).

## **APPRECIATION**

We treasure the harmonious relationship with our staff and would like to take this opportunity to express our gratitude to the management and staff of the Group for their dedicated performance which is instrumental to the future development of the Group. We would also like to take this opportunity to thank our shareholders, suppliers and customers for their continuous support to the Group.

> **Mr. Chiu Tung Ping** Chairman and executive Director

Hong Kong, 24 June 2013

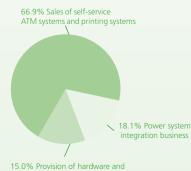
## **REVENUE**

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group is principally engaged in (i) sales of self-service ATM systems and printing systems; (ii) provision of hardware and software technical support services; (iii) solar energy generation; and (iv) power system integration business in the PRC.

Revenues for continuing operations recognized during the year are as follows:

	Financial year ended 31 March	
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue		
Sales of self-service ATM systems and printing systems	35,026	23,566
Provision of hardware and software technical support services	7,835	8,372
Power system integration business	9,488	
	52,349	31,938
Other revenue		
Bank interest income	43	36
Government subsidy for business development	77	144
Gain on trading in financial instrument	121	478
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	300	-
Gain on cancellation of convertible bonds (Note)	15,844	-
Others	46	83
	16,431	741
Total revenue	68,780	32,679

#### Analysis of business segments for the financial year ended 31 March 2013



software technical support services

#### Analysis of business segments for the financial year ended 31 March 2012



software technical support services

Note:

Pursuant to the agreement entered into between (i) City Max International Limited, (ii) the Company, (iii) Good Million Investments Limited ("Good Million"), (iv) Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, and (v) Ms. Yuen Hing Lan (as supplemented by the supplemental agreement dated 30 January 2012 ("Supplemental Agreement")) in relation to the sale and purchase of the entire issued share capital of CTSP (BVI) ("Agreement"), the Company issued convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$163,100,000 ("2011 CB") to Good Million on 1 June 2011. The 2011 CB was divided into Tranche I Convertible bonds ("Tranche I CB") and Tranche II Convertible bonds ("Tranche II CB") of HK\$113,000,000 and HK\$50,000,000 respectively. For Tranche I CB, the CB holders are not subject to any restriction for exercising the conversion right to convert Tranche I CB into share. For Tranche II CB, the amount should be subject to change with reference to a profit guarantee made by Good Million to the Company. Details of the acquisition is contained in the circular of the Company dated 16 May 2011 and the circular of the Company dated 22 February 2012.

Based on the audited consolidated financial statements of CTSP (BVI) and its subsidiaries ("**Target Group**") for the 12 months ended 30 September 2012, the Target Group recorded a loss of HK\$77,094. On such basis, the amended target profit of HK\$40,000,000 under the Agreement (as supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement) was not achieved and the principal amount of the Tranche II CB in the principal amount of HK\$50,000,000 was adjusted to HK\$0.

On 6 November 2012, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the 2011 CB is HK\$101,100,000.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION OF SELF-SERVICE ATM SYSTEMS AND PRINTING SYSTEMS**

During the financial year ended 31 March 2013, implementation of self-service ATM systems and printing systems (including the provision of technical consultancy and support services) remained the Group's core business and accounted for approximately 81.9 per cent. (2012: 100.0 per cent.) of the Group's revenue from the sales of goods and rendering of services.

The revenue generated from the implementation of self-service ATM systems and printing systems (including the provision of technical consultancy and support services) remained steady and recorded approximately HK\$42.9 million in the financial year ended 31 March 2013, representing an increase of approximately 34.2 per cent. as compared with the previous financial year.

#### **PROVISION OF TECHNICAL CONSULTANCY AND SUPPORT SERVICES**

The provision of technical consultancy and support services, which were already included in the implementation of selfservice ATM systems and printing systems, contributed to a stable and recurrent source of income for the Group and accounted for approximately 15.0 per cent. (2012: approximately 26.2 per cent.) of the total revenue from the sales of goods and rendering of services for the financial year ended 31 March 2013. Income derived from the provision of technical consultancy and support services during the financial year ended 31 March 2013 decreased by approximately 6.4 per cent., as compared with that of the previous financial year, mainly as a result of the fierce competition in the PRC market.

As an authorised value-added reseller of self-service ATM systems of NCR (Beijing) Financial Equipment System Co., Ltd ("**NCR**") and marketing agent of Fuji Xerox for its printing systems in China, the Group has fully committed itself as a reliable and reputable vendor and a total solution provider for self-service ATM systems and printing systems.

By having ATM service centers established in major cities in China including Shaoxing, Taicang, Taiyuan, Shanghai, Beijing, Wenzhou, Yiwu, Chongqing, Wuxi, Changshu, Jinhua, Yingkou, Funing, Jingzhou, Datong, Yangzhou, Xuzhou, Huzhou, Lvliang, Quzhou and Huaian, the Group has ATM service centers covering a total of 21 strategic cities and locations currently.

Leveraging on its sales network and existing clientele, the Group aims to secure higher renewal rates upon the expiry of the existing contracts.

# SOLAR ENERGY GENERATION AND POWER SYSTEM INTEGRATION OPERATION

The Group has completed the acquisition of CTSP (BVI) on 1 June 2011. The Solar Business Sub-Group is principally engaged in (i) solar energy generation and (ii) related power system integration business in the PRC. The acquisition is an opportunity for the Company to diversify its scope of business and to enter into the new energy industry, so as to maximize the shareholders' value.

#### Solar energy generation

During the year ended 31 March 2013, income generated from solar energy generation amounted to approximately HK\$13.7 million (2012: Nil).

On 28 December 2011, Qinghai Baike Solar Power Co., Ltd\* (青海百科光電有限責任公司) ("Qinghai Baike"), a company established in the PRC with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of CTSP (BVI), has completed the construction of a 10MW solar photovoltaic power station in 青海省格爾木東出口光伏園區 (unofficial English translation being Geermu East Exit Solar Power District, Qinghai province) ("10MW Geermu Power Station") and passed the grid integration inspection tests with the consent of 青海省電力公司 (unofficial English translation being Qinghai Province Electric Company). On 30 December 2011, Qinghai Baike has received the notification from 青海省發展和改革委員會 (unofficial English translation being Qinghai Province Development and Reform Committee) ("Committee") that the 10MW Geermu Power Station has passed the inspection test of the Committee, and has conformed with the normal operation requirements for, and has officially commenced, grid integrated power generation. Pursuant to the relevant regulations of the PRC, from the date of commercial operation of the 10MW Geermu Power Station, the unit selling price of electricity shall be set at RMB1.15/kWh (inclusive of tax). Up to 20 November 2012, the total grid electricity generation volume of the 10MW Geermu Power Station has reached 11,354,669 kWh.

On 6 September 2012, CTSP (BVI) and 青海省綠色發電集團有限公司 (unofficial English translation being Qinghai Green Power Generation Group Ltd.) ("**Purchaser**") entered into the disposal agreement ("**Disposal Agreement**") pursuant to which CTSP (BVI) has conditionally agreed to sell, and the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to acquire, the entire equity interest in Qinghai Baike at a total consideration of RMB46,800,000 (subject to deduction as provided for in the Disposal Agreement) ("**Disposal**"). All conditions set out in the Disposal Agreement have been fulfilled (or, where applicable, waived) and the completion took place on 20 November 2012. Upon completion, the Company ceased to hold any interest in Qinghai Baike and Qinghai Baike ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company.

Therefore, the results of operation of the solar energy generation business of Qinghai Baike in relation to the 10MW Geermu Power Station and the project to construct solar photovoltaic power station with the capacity of 20MW in Delingha ("**20MW Delingha Project**") (which has not yet been commenced) in Qinghai Baike are presented as a discontinued operation in the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013.

However, the Group will continue its investment in solar energy generation projects of smaller capacity and less capital expenditure requirement.

#### Power system integration business

System integration refers to the optimization of technologies in the civil engineering system, electrical system and other ancillary system, database technologies, surveillance and software management. The Group shall source equipment and products from different vendors based on the scale and capacity of the respective power stations and subsequently carry out integration of the separated equipment, functions and information into a connected, unified and coordinated system. System integration enables the utilization of resources at their best to enhance optimization of performance of the entire system and achieve centralized, high efficiency, balanced performance, substitutable and available for maintenance, as well as low cost management. The Group also offers subsequent system management services to the power stations.

As mentioned in the circular dated 16 May 2011, the Group has secured and signed two agreements for the provision of one-off service on system integration services for biomass energy, thermal power and solar energy generation companies and projects. As the contracting parties in the two agreements were in the process of obtaining the necessary licenses from the respective government authorities during the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group had not commenced such system integration services and did not have income generated from the power system integration business during the year under review (2012: Nil).

Nevertheless, the revenue generated from the provision of one-off technology consultation and design services to the 20MW Delingha project during the financial year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$9.5 million with gross profit margin of approximately 81.8 per cent. (2012: Nil) pursuant to the Consultation Service Agreement entered into between CTSP (BVI) and the Purchaser on the date of the Disposal Agreement.

## SELLING EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Selling expenses from continuing operations incurred by the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$3.2 million (2012: approximately HK\$3.3 million), representing a decrease of approximately 3.7 per cent. as a result of the Group's policy on cost control.

## ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Administrative expenses from continuing operations incurred by the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$13.9 million (2012: approximately HK\$31.5 million), representing a decrease of approximately 55.8 per cent. as a result of the non-recurrent one-off professional expenses arising from the acquisition of CTSP (BVI) of approximately HK\$4.8 million and the exploration of new business opportunities of approximately HK\$9.4 million in last year and the Group's policy on cost control.

Staff costs from continuing operations (including Directors' emoluments and research and development costs) which were included in both selling expenses and administrative expenses decreased by approximately 20.3 per cent. to approximately HK\$8.8 million (2012: approximately HK\$11.0 million). As at 31 March 2013, the Group employed 8 and 70 staff in Hong Kong and the PRC respectively (2012: 12 in Hong Kong and 94 in the PRC).

Operating leases for land and building from continuing operations decreased by approximately 39.3 per cent. to approximately HK\$1.2 million (2012: approximately HK\$2.0 million) mainly because of the Group's policy on cost control.

The Group had not further provided for any impairment loss on accounts receivables during the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: Nil).

The Group had not further provided for obsolete inventories during the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: Nil).

Depreciation expenses decreased to approximately HK\$0.5 million as compared to that of last financial year (2012: approximately HK\$0.9 million) because certain property, plant and equipment became fully depreciated in previous years.

## FINANCE COSTS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

During the financial year ended 31 March 2013, the Group has incurred the following finance costs from continuing operations:

2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Imputed finance costs on convertible bonds5,475Interest on other loan2,121	6,244 558
7,596	6,802

#### **INCOME TAX EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

The Group has an income tax expenses from continuing operations for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 of approximately HK\$46,000 (2012: income tax credit of approximately HK\$219,000).

#### GOODWILL

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of a subsidiary, CTSP (BVI), during the year ended 31 March 2012, is approximately HK\$259,999,000, which has been reduced to HK\$235,999,000 after the goodwill adjustment of HK\$24,000,000 arising from the Disposal of Qinghai Baike on 20 November 2012. Please refer to note 21 and 37 to the consolidated financial statements for details.

After the completion of the acquisition of CTSP (BVI), CTSP (BVI) has become a cash generating unit ("**CGU**") to the Group. The recoverable amounts of CGU are determined from value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the year.

#### LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND TREASURY POLICIES

As at 31 March 2013, the Group had cash and bank balances amounting to a total of approximately HK\$7.6 million (2012: approximately HK\$3.8 million). The Group has no outstanding bank overdraft as at 31 March 2013 (2012: Nil).

The Group financed its operations by internally generated cash flow, net proceeds from the Disposal of Qinghai Baike, and proceeds from placing of shares of the Company. Please refer to the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2012 for details of such placing of shares.

#### **CURRENT RATIO**

As at 31 March 2013, the Group's current ratio, represented by a ratio of current assets to current liabilities, was approximately 2.2 (2012: approximately 1.3).

#### **GEARING RATIO**

As at 31 March 2013, the gearing ratio of the Group, based on total liabilities over total assets was approximately 25.9 per cent. (2012: approximately 52.7 per cent.).

#### DIRECTORS' OPINION ON SUFFICIENCY OF WORKING CAPITAL

In view of the Group's financial and liquidity positions and in the absence of unforeseen circumstances, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group has sufficient working capital for its present requirements.

## **BANKING FACILITIES**

As at 31 March 2013, the Company did not have any banking facilities.

#### **CHARGES ON ASSETS**

As of 31 March 2013, the Company and its subsidiaries pledged no asset to banks as security for bank loans and overdraft (2012: Nil).

## **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 March 2013, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

#### **EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK**

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with transactions settled in Renminbi principally and did not have any significant exposure to foreign exchange risk during the year.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 March 2013, the Group employed 8 and 70 staff in Hong Kong and the PRC respectively (2012: 12 in Hong Kong and 94 in the PRC). The Group has developed its human resources policies and procedures based on performance and merit. The Group ensures that the pay levels of its employees are competitive and employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's salary and bonus system.

The remuneration of the Directors was determined by the Board with reference to the prevailing market conditions, roles and responsibilities of the Directors. Share options may be granted to Directors and employees of the Group to subscribe for shares in the Company. Particulars of the scheme are set out in the relevant section of this report.

# SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD AND MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

#### Acquisition of the Entire Issued Share Capital of China Technology Solar Power Holdings Limited ("**CTSP (BVI)**")

On 13 December 2010, City Max International Limited ("**City Max**") (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company), the Company, Good Million Investments Limited ("**Good Million**"), Mr. Chiu Tung Ping and Ms. Yuen Hing Lan ("**Guarantors**") entered into an agreement for the acquisition of 2 ordinary shares of US\$1.00 each in the share capital of CTSP (BVI) by City Max at the consideration of HK\$292,000,000 (subject to adjustment) ("**Agreement**").

The ordinary resolution for the approval of the Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder respectively was duly passed by the independent shareholders by way of poll at the extraordinary general meeting held on 31 May 2011.

On 1 June 2011, the Group has completed the acquisition of CTSP (BVI).

#### The Supplemental Agreements

As the contracting parties in the two agreements for the provision of one-off service on system integration for biomass energy, thermal power and solar energy generation companies and projects are still in the process of obtaining the necessary licenses from the respective government authorities, the Solar Business Sub-Group has not yet commenced such system integration services. As such, on 30 January 2012, City Max, Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, Ms. Yuen Hing Lan, Good Million and the Company entered into the supplemental agreement ("**Supplemental Agreement**") to amend the amount of the target profit of CTSP (BVI), the financial period for calculating the target profit ("**Target Profit Period**") and the consideration adjustment mechanism. Since Mr. Chiu Tung Ping and Ms. Yuen Hing Lan are executive Directors, the Supplemental Agreement constituted connected transaction for the Company.

Please refer to the circular of the Company dated 22 February 2012 for further details.

The ordinary resolution for the approval of the Supplemental Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder respectively was duly passed by the independent shareholders by way of poll at the extraordinary general meeting held on 12 March 2012.

On 2 September 2012, City Max, the Company, Good Million, Mr. Chiu Tung Ping and Ms. Yuen Hing Lan entered into the second supplemental agreement ("**Second Supplemental Agreement**") to amend certain terms of the Agreement (as supplemented and amended by the Supplemental Agreement). Under the Second Supplemental Agreement (which also constituted a connected transaction for the Company), it was proposed that the Target Profit Period would be deferred to cover the period of 12 months ending on 31 March 2013. The Second Supplemental Agreement was terminated by the parties by a termination agreement dated 24 September 2012, details of which were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 24 September 2012.

Based on the audited consolidated financial statements of CTSP (BVI) and its subsidiaries ("**Target Group**") for the 12 months ended 30 September 2012, the Target Group recorded a loss of HK\$77,094. On such basis, the amended target profit of HK\$40,000,000 under the Agreement (as supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement) was not achieved and the principal amount of the Tranche II CB in the principal amount of HK\$50,000,000 was adjusted to HK\$0.

## Disposal of 100% Equity Interest in Qinghai Baike

On 6 September 2012, CTSP (BVI) and the Purchaser entered into the Disposal Agreement pursuant to which CTSP (BVI) has conditionally agreed to sell, and the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to acquire, the entire equity interest in Qinghai Baike at a total consideration of RMB46,800,000 (subject to deduction as provided for in the Disposal Agreement). All conditions set out in the Disposal Agreement have been fulfilled (or, where applicable, waived) and the completion took place on 20 November 2012. Upon completion, the Company ceased to hold any interest in Qinghai Baike and Qinghai Baike ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company.

Please refer to the circular of the Company dated 5 October 2012 for further details.

## **MOVEMENT OF WARRANTS**

The Company has a total of 100,000,000 warrants outstanding at 31 March 2013 and its movement is as follows:

			Exercised/			Subscription
	Outstanding	Issued during	lapsed during	Outstanding	Subscription	price
Date of issue	at 1/4/2012	the year	the year	at 31/3/2013	period	per share
23 December 2009	100,000,000	-	-	100,000,000	23 December 2009	HK\$0.90
					to 22 December 2014	

Note:

On 23 December 2009, the Company placed a total of 100,000,000 unlisted warrants to certain independent third parties at the subscription price of HK\$0.90 each. No warrants has been exercised during the year ended 31 March 2013.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the financial year ended 31 March 2013. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased or sold any of the shares during the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

## (1) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board and the senior management of the Company are committed to the principles of corporate governance and have dedicated significant efforts to provide transparency, accountability and independence.

During the year ended 31 March 2013 ("**Review Period**"), the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules, except for the deviation from code provisions A.2.1, A.5.2 and E.1.2 as explained below.

#### Code provision A.2.1

Pursuant to code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules, the roles of the chairman of the Board and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Company deviates from this provision because Mr. Chiu Tung Ping has been performing both the roles of chairman of the Board ("**Chairman**") and chief executive officer of the Group ("**Chief Executive Officer**") starting from 13 July 2012. However, the Board believes that vesting two roles in the same person provides the Group with strong and consistent leadership in the development and execution of the Group's business strategies and is beneficial to the Group. The Directors will continue to review the effectiveness of the current structure and assess whether separation of roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer is necessary.

#### Code provision A.5.2

Code provision A.5.2 stipulates that the nomination committee of the Board ("**Nomination Committee**") is required to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment of Directors.

Mr. Zhou Jing and Mr. Yang Guocai, the former members of the Nomination Committee, resigned with effect from 27 November 2012. A Nomination Committee meeting had not been held by the former committee members regarding the appointment of Mr. Meng Xianglin and Mr. Dong Guangwu as independent non-executive Directors with effect from 27 November 2012. Instead, their appointment was discussed and approved by the Directors at a board meeting of the Company held on 27 November 2012.

#### Code provision E.1.2

Under code provision E.1.2, the Chairman should attend the annual general meeting. Due to other commitments which must be attended by the Chairman, the Chairman was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 September 2012 ("**2012 AGM**"). Nevertheless, Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing, an executive Director, presided as the chairman at the 2012 AGM, and Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William, an independent non-executive Director, chairman of the audit committee of the Board, the Nomination Committee and the remuneration committee of the Board attended the 2012 AGM, and answered questions from the shareholders of the Company.

### (2) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is accountable to shareholders for the activities and performance of the Group and for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view. It oversees the Group's overall strategic plans, reviews the financial performance, supervises the management of the business and affairs and approves the strategic plans. The Board delegates corporate matters to the management of the Group under the leadership of the Chief Executive Officer, including preparation of annual, interim and quarterly accounts, execution of business strategies adopted by the Board, implementation of internal controls system and compliance with relevant statutory requirements, rules and regulations. The management is required to present an annual budget and any proposals for major investment, addition of capital assets, and change in business strategies for the Board's approval.

#### **BOARD COMPOSITION**

The composition of the Board during the year ended 31 March 2013 and as at the date of this report is as follows:

Executive Directors: Mr. Chiu Tung Ping (Chairman) Mr. Zhang Shenxin (Vice-Chairman) (appointed on 13 May 2013) Ms. Yuen Hing Lan Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen Mr. Leung King Pak (resigned on 13 July 2012) Ms. Hu Xin

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William Mr. Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012) Mr. Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012) Mr. Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)

At every annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of all the Directors including the independent non-executive Directors shall retire from office by rotation. A retiring Director shall retain office until the close of the meeting at which he retires and shall be eligible for re-election thereat.

Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing, an executive Director, is the brother of Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen, an executive Director of the Company.

Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, an executive Director, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is the spouse of Ms. Yuen Hing Lan, an executive Director.

## **BOARD MEETING**

The Board meets at least four times a year to review financial and operating performance and discuss the Group's direction and strategy.

Details of the attendance of meetings of the Board held during the year ended 31 March 2013 are as follows:

	Number of board meetings attended/held during	
	the Director's term of	
	office in the year ended	Attendance
Name of Director	31 March 2013	rate
Mr. Chiu Tung Ping	9/9	100%
Mr. Zhang Shenxin (appointed on 13 May 2013)	n/a	n/a
Ms. Yuen Hing Lan	4/9	44%
Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing	6/9	67%
Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen	8/9	89%
Mr. Leung King Pak (resigned on 13 July 2012)	1/1	100%
Ms. Hu Xin	8/9	89%
Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William	9/9	100%
Mr. Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012)	6/6	100%
Mr. Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012)	5/6	83%
Mr. Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012)	2/3	67%
Mr. Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)	1/3	33%

Directors are given notice of regular Board meetings of at least 14 days in advance. The Directors have received details of agenda items for decision in advance of each Board meeting.

All Directors have access to the company secretary of the Company who is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and advises the Board on corporate governance and compliance matters.

The non-executive Directors have a well balance of expertise in corporate finance, accounting, and business matters. They bring independent and invaluable advice and judgement on the Group's business expansion and risk management issues. The executive Directors are seasoned practitioners in the information technology field and/or solar power generation and related power system integration business and contribute to the Company with their industry and domain knowledge and management experience.

The Company confirmed that annual confirmations of independence were received from each of the Company's independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and all independent non-executive Directors are considered to be independent.

#### (3) THE FOUR COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Company implements specific terms of reference for the audit committee, remuneration committee, nomination committee and corporate governance committee, whereby the powers and responsibilities of each committee are clearly defined.

#### (a) Audit Committee

The Company established an audit committee ("Audit Committee") on 13 December 2000 with written terms of reference in accordance with Rules 5.28 to 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules. During the period from 1 April 2012 to 27 November 2012, the Audit Committee comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely (i) Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William; (ii) Mr. Zhou Jing; and (iii) Mr. Yang Guocai, with Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William as the chairman of the Audit Committee. Following the resignation of Mr. Zhou Jing and Mr. Yang Guocai and the appointment of Mr. Meng Xianglin and Mr. Dong Guangwu as independent non-executive Directors on 27 November 2012, the Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely, (i) Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William; (ii) Mr. Meng Xianglin; and (iii) Mr. Dong Guangwu, with Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William as the chairman of the Audit Committee. Audit Committee. Audit Committee's principal duties are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control procedures of the Group.

The Audit Committee meets at least four times a year to review with senior management and at least twice a year with the Company's auditors for the Company's audit findings, accounting policies and standards, changes of accounting rules (if any), compliance to the GEM Listing Rules, internal and audit control, and budget and cash flow forecast.

The Group's unaudited quarterly and interim results and audited annual results during the year ended 31 March 2013 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, in which the Audit Committee is of the opinion that such statements comply with the applicable accounting standards and that adequate disclosures have been made.

#### (b) Remuneration Committee

The remuneration committee of the Company ("**Remuneration Committee**") was established in June 2005.

The Remuneration Committee was established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with its authority and duties. The terms of reference followed the requirement of Code Provision B.1.2. During the period from 1 April 2012 to 27 November 2012, the Remuneration Committee comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely, (i) Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William; (ii) Mr. Zhou Jing and (iii) Mr. Yang Guocai, with Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. Following the resignation of Mr. Zhou Jing and Mr. Yang Guocai and the appointment of Mr. Meng Xianglin and Mr. Dong Guangwu as independent non-executive Directors, namely, (i) Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William; (ii) Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William; (iii) Mr. Meng Xianglin; and (iii) Mr. Dong Guangwu, with Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

During the Review Period, the Remuneration Committee has held one meeting and the committee performed the following duties:

- reviewing and fixing the remuneration of individual Directors and senior management; and
- making recommendations to the Board to establish a more formal and transparent procedure for determining the remuneration packages of individual senior management.

The policies for the remuneration of the Directors are:

- to ensure that none of the Directors should determine their own remuneration;
- the remuneration should be broadly aligned with companies with which the Company competes for human resources;
- the Group should aim to attract and retain executives and to motivate them to pursue appropriate growth strategies while taking into account individual performance; and
- the remuneration should reflect the performance, complexity of duties and responsibility of the individual.

#### (c) Nomination Committee

A nomination committee of the Board ("**Nomination Committee**") has been established with effect from 28 March 2012, with written terms of reference following the requirements of Code Provision A.5.2 of the CG Code.

During the period from 1 April 2012 to 27 November 2012, the Nomination Committee comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely (i) Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William; (ii) Mr. Zhou Jing; and (iii) Mr. Yang Guocai, with Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William as the chairman of the Nomination Committee. Following the resignation of Mr. Zhou Jing and Mr. Yang Guocai and the appointment of Mr. Meng Xianglin and Mr. Dong Guangwu as independent non-executive Directors on 27 November 2012, the Nomination Committee comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely, (i) Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William; (ii) Mr. Meng Xianglin; and (iii) Mr. Dong Guangwu, with Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for considering suitable candidates to serve as Directors and approving and terminating the appointment of Directors. The Nomination Committee selects and nominates candidates based on whether they possess the skills and experience required by the Group's development.

During the Review Period, the Nomination Committee has held one meeting and the committee performed the following duties:

- reviewing the annual confirmation of independence submitted by the independent non-executive
   Directors and assessing their independence; and
- reviewing the structure, size and composition including the skills, knowledge and experience of the Board.

#### (d) Corporate Governance Committee

A corporate governance committee of the Board ("**Corporate Governance Committee**") has been established with effect from 28 March 2012 with written terms of reference following Code Provision D.3.1 of the CG Code.

During the period from 1 April 2012 to 13 July 2012, the Corporate Governance Committee comprised six executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, Ms. Yuen Hing Lan, Mr. Leung King Pak, Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing, Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen and Ms. Hu Xin, with Mr. Chiu Tung Ping as the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee.

Following the resignation of Mr. Leung King Pak as an executive Director on 13 July 2012, the Corporate Governance Committee comprised five executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, Ms. Yuen Hing Lan, Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing, Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen and Ms. Hu Xin as members of the Corporate Governance Committee, with Mr. Chiu Tung Ping as the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee.

Following the appointment of Mr. Zhang Shenxin as an executive Director on 13 May 2013, the Corporate Governance Committee comprised six executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, Mr. Zhang Shenxin, Ms. Yuen Hing Lan, Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing, Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen and Ms. Hu Xin as members of the Corporate Governance Committee, with Mr. Chiu Tung Ping as the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee.

The primary duties of the Corporate Governance Committee are, among other things, to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board and to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. The Corporate Governance Committee has held one meeting during the Review Period.

The Board is responsible for the corporate governance functions with the following duties:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations on changes and updating;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors;
- to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report; and
- such other corporate governance duties and functions set out in the CG Code (as amended from time to time) for which the Board are responsible.

#### Attendance of Board Committee meetings

The attendance of each Director at Board committees meetings during the year ended 31 March 2013 was as follows:

				Corporate
		Remuneration	Nomination	Governance
	Committee	Committee	Committee	Committee
Executive Directors				
Mr. Chiu Tung Ping	-	-	-	1/1
Mr. Zhang Shenxin (appointed on 13 May 2013)	-	-	-	-
Ms. Yuen Hing Lan	-	-	-	1/1
Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing	-	-	-	1/1
Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen	-	-	-	1/1
Mr. Leung King Pak (resigned on 13 July 2012)	-	-	-	-
Ms. Hu Xin	-	-	-	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors				
Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William	4/4	1/1	1/1	-
Mr. Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012)	3/3	-	-	-
Mr. Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012)	3/3		-	-
Mr. Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012)	1/1	1/1	1/1	-
Mr. Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)	1/1	1/1	1/1	-

#### Attendance out of number of meetings

#### (4) CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

For the period from 1 April 2012 to 13 July 2012, Mr. Chiu Tung Ping was the Chairman and Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen was the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Due to re-allocation of work responsibilities among members of the Board, Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen ceased to be the Chief executive officer and Mr. Chiu Tung Ping had been appointed as the Chief executive officer with effect from 13 July 2012.

Code Provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Starting from 13 July 2012, Mr. Chiu Tung Ping acted both as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Directors consider that vesting two roles in the same person provides the Group with strong and consistent leadership in the development and execution of the Group's business strategies and is beneficial to the Group.

The Directors will continue to review the effectiveness of the current structure and assess whether change in the separation of the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer is necessary.

# (5) DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statement of the Group in accordance with the statutory requirements and accounting standards and other financial disclosure requirements under the GEM Listing Rules. The Directors also acknowledge their responsibilities to ensure that the financial statements of the Group are published in a timely manner as required by the GEM Listing Rules.

The external auditor's statement about reporting responsibility is set out on page 38.

#### (6) TRAINING FOR DIRECTORS

Each newly appointed Director receives comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on his appointment, so as to ensure that he has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities and obligations under the GEM Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. There are also arrangements in place for providing continuing briefing and professional development to Directors at the Company's expenses whenever necessary.

The Company provides regular updates and presentations on changes and developments relating to the Group's business and the legislative and regulatory environment to the Directors at Board meetings or through emails.

The Directors are committed to complying with Code Provision A.6.5 of the New CG Code which came into effect on 1 April 2012 on Directors' training. All Directors (except Mr. Zhang Shenxin who was appointed as a Director on 13 May 2013) have participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and provided a record of training they received for the year ended 31 March 2013 to the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Directors had participated in the following trainings:

#### Name of Director

#### Type of training

Chiu Tung Ping	В
Zhang Shenxin (appointed on 13 May 2013)	n/a
Yuen Hing Lan	В
Hou Hsiao Bing	A,B
Hou Hsiao Wen	В
Leung King Pak (resigned on 17 July 2012)	В
Hu Xin	В
Tam Kam Biu, William	A,B
Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012)	В
Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012)	В
Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012)	В
Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)	В

A attending seminars and/or conferences and/or forums

B reading journals and updates relating to the economy, business, directors duties and responsibilities, etc.

#### (7) COMPANY SECRETARY

As at 31 March 2013, the company secretary of the Company ("**Company Secretary**"), Ms. Chan Mi Ling, fulfills the requirement under the GEM Listing Rules 5.14 and 5.15. The company secretary supports the Board, ensures good information flow within the Board and Board policy and procedures are followed; advises the Board on governance matters, facilitates induction and, monitors the training and continuous professional development of Directors. She has attended not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Review Period. Her biography is set out in the "Directors and Senior Management" section of this annual report.

#### (8) NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Code provision A.4.1 provides that a non-executive Director should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. The Company's non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of one year and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Company's articles of association.

#### (9) COMPLIANCE OF CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTION

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions adopted by the Company throughout the twelve months ended 31 March 2013.

## (10) AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The Audit Committee is responsible for considering the appointment of the independent auditor. During the year under review, the Group has incurred an aggregate of HK\$390,000 to the independent auditor for its services of auditing and taxation.

The fees paid/payable to the Company's independent auditors in respect of audit and non-audit services for the year ended 31 March 2013 are as follows:

Nature of Services	Amount (HK\$)
Audit services	390,000
Non-audit services	-

## (11) INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board recognizes that a sound and effective internal control system will contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of operations, the reliability of financial reporting and the Group's compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The management of the Group has established the Group's internal control policies and guidance for monitoring the internal control system of the Group.

The Board has delegated to the management the implementation of such systems of internal controls as well as the review of relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures. Qualified personnel and individual department heads throughout the Group maintain and monitor the compliance to these controls on an ongoing basis and report variance to senior management.

Based on the assessment and review made by the Board and senior management on the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group, the Audit Committee is satisfied that:

- the internal controls and accounting systems of the Group are designed to provide reasonable assurance that material assets are protected, business risks attributable to the Group are identified and monitored, material transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorisation and the accounts are reliable for publication; and
- there is an ongoing process in place for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group.

#### (12) DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITIES INSURANCE

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against Directors, officers and senior management arising out of corporate activities.

#### (13) CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change to the Company's memorandum and articles of association during the Review Period. A copy of the latest consolidated version of the Company's memorandum and articles of association is posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

## (14) COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has adopted shareholders communication policy with objective of ensuring that the shareholders of the Company ("**Shareholders**") and potential investors are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company.

The Company has established a number of channels to communicate with the Shareholders as follows:

- (i) corporate communications such as annual reports, quarterly reports, interim reports and circulars are issued in printed form and are available on the GEM website at www.hkgem.com and the Company's website at www.chinatechsolar.com;
- (ii) periodic announcements are made through the Stock Exchange and published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company;
- (iii) corporate information is made available on the Company's website;
- (iv) annual and extraordinary general meetings provide a forum for the Shareholders to make comments and exchange views with the Directors and senior management; and
- (v) the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company serves the Shareholders in respect of share registration, dividend payment and related matters.

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing Shareholders and potential investors. It welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public. Enquiries to the Board or the Company may be sent by post to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

Shareholders' comments and suggestions as well as any proposals put forward to shareholders' meetings at a reasonable time are welcome and such comments and proposals can be sent in writing to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong. The Board endeavors to answer all valuable questions from the Shareholders.

#### GENERAL MEETING

During the Review Period, 2012 AGM and the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 21 October 2012 were held and the attendance of each director is set out as follows:

Directors	No. of meetings attended	
Executive Directors		
Mr. Chiu Tung Ping	0/2	
Mr. Zhang Shenxin (appointed on 13 May 2013)	n/a	
Ms. Yuen Hing Lan	0/2	
Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing	2/2	
Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen	0/2	
Mr. Leung King Pak (resigned on 13 July 2012)	1/1	
Ms. Hu Xin	0/2	
Independent non-executive Directors		
Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William	2/2	
Mr. Zhou Jing (resigned on 27 November 2012)	0/2	
Mr. Yang Guocai (resigned on 27 November 2012)	0/2	
Mr. Meng Xianglin (appointed on 27 November 2012)	n/a	
Mr. Dong Guangwu (appointed on 27 November 2012)	n/a	

#### Code provision E.1.2

Under code provision E.1.2, the Chairman should attend the annual general meeting. Due to other commitments which must be attended by the Chairman, the Chairman was unable to attend the 2012 AGM. Nevertheless, Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing, an executive Director, presided as the chairman at the 2012 AGM, and Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William, an independent non-executive Director, chairman of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company attended the 2012 AGM, and answered questions from the Shareholders.

## (15) SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

In accordance with the Company's Article 64, the Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Directors or the Company Secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Directors for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Directors fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

A shareholders' communication policy ("**Policy**") was adopted by the Company in March 2012 to maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and encourage them to communicate actively with the Company and also establishing the Policy and reviewing the Policy on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness.

# **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

From the Company's founding in 2000, the Company has believed in treating our staff, our stakeholders and the wider community with care and respect. Care and respect are at the heart of every business decision we make and every project we embark upon.

The trust of our staff, the support of our stakeholders and the continuing health of the communities and environment that surround and sustain us have been crucial to the Group's development.

## CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY POLICY

The five core objectives, people, place, profit, planet and professionalism, has become the foundation of a robust Corporate Social Responsibility ("**CSR**") policy, which will continue to grow and evolve as we fine-tune our initiatives.

## **CSR COMMITMENT STATEMENT**

#### People

We commit to protecting the human rights of our staff all over the world, and to ensuring a safe, clean, respectful and inclusive workplace for every employee.

#### Place

We commit to the communities where we are based, through building strong local links, using local suppliers and service companies.

## Profit

We commit to our stakeholders by complying with both the letter and spirit of the laws and regulations in the countries in which we operate, and by conducting business with honesty and transparency. We commit to our shareholders by ensuring that we maximise returns in a sustainable way. We commit to ensuring efficiency and cost savings through rigorous, transparent corporate governance.

### Planet

We commit to the principles of sustainable development by reducing the environmental impact of our business operations wherever possible, and by establishing and developing our policies to ensure that our business activities safeguard our planet for future generations.

#### Professionalism

We commit to working with our business partners in a mutually respectful relationships. We commit to putting our best effort into creating the best result for our clients and our stakeholders.

Through these commitments, the Group aims to create a better world for our people, our stakeholders and our planet.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the financial year by business segments is set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 39.

No interim dividend have been paid or declared by the Company during the financial year. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: Nil).

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 March 2013, the Group did not have any reserves available for distribution to shareholders.

#### RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the financial year are set out on page 41 and page 104 respectively.

## **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in share capital are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DIRECTORS

The Directors during the financial year ended 31 March 2013 and up to the date of this report were:

Mr. Chiu Tung Ping (Chairman)
Mr. Zhang Shenxin (Vice-Chairman) (appointed on 13 May 2013)
Ms. Yuen Hing Lan
Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing
Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen
Mr. Leung King Pak (resigned on 13 July 2012)
Ms. Hu Xin
Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William\*
Mr. Zhou Jing\* (resigned on 27 November 2012)
Mr. Yang Guocai\* (resigned on 27 November 2012)
Mr. Meng Xianglin\* (appointed on 27 November 2012)
Mr. Dong Guangwu\* (appointed on 27 November 2012)
\* Independent non-executive Directors

Detailed information of the Directors standing for re-election will be set out in the circular in relation to the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be despatched to the shareholders.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

## EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. Chiu Tung Ping,** aged 61, is the Chairman of the Board and is appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 13 July 2012. He is in charge of the Group's strategic business development, executive management and monitoring of the Group's day-to-day operation. Mr. Chiu is a standing committee member of the 11th Plenary of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Gansu Committee (中國人民政治協商會議甘肅省 第十一屆委員會常務委員). Mr. Chiu was also the vice-chairperson of 甘肅省工商業聯合會 (unofficial English translation being Gansu Province Industrial and Commercial Industry Association). Mr. Chiu is the honourary president of the Hong Kong General Association of International Investment (香港國際投資總商會). Mr. Chiu is the spouse of Ms. Yuen Hing Lan, an executive Director. Mr. Chiu was appointed as an executive Director on 8 June 2011.

**Mr. Zhang Shenxin**, aged 48, is the Vice-Chairman of the Board. He studied business administration at California State University in 1987 and graduated with a bachelor degree in business administration in 1991. Mr. Zhang has been working for several companies since 1986 in various industries, from construction industry, transportation industry, photography to child education. Mr. Zhang has extensive experience in project management and corporate management. Mr. Zhang is currently a member of the executive committee of Jiangsu Province National People's Congress (江蘇省人大常委), standing committee member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference of Nantong City (南通市政協常委), the vice-chairman of the federation of industry and commerce of Chong Chuan District of Nantong City (南通市崇川區工商業聯合會) and a council member of Nantong City Overseas Friendship Association (南通市海外聯誼 會). Mr. Zhang was appointed as an executive Director and Vice-Chairman of the Board on 13 May 2013.

**Ms. Yuen Hing Lan**, aged 57, obtained the Bachelor of Public Health from Shanxi Medical School (山西醫學院) in 1979. Ms. Yuen is experienced in corporate management. Ms. Yuen was appointed as an executive Director on 8 June 2011. Ms. Yuen is the spouse of Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, an executive Director and the Chairman.

**Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing**, aged 58, the elder brother of Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen, an executive Director. Prior to joining the Group in April 2000, Mr. Hou was the managing director of a private company focusing on selling satellite TV products network in the PRC. He has more than 32 years' experience in China business. Mr. Hou graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Diploma in Marketing.

**Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen**, aged 53, has been the Chief Executive Officer, the compliance officer and one of the authorized representatives of the Company during the period from 1 April 2012 to 13 July 2012. He is in charge of the Group's business development and management in respect of the sales of goods and rendering of services business segments. Mr. Hou has over 26 years' experience in the information technology industry in the PRC. Mr. Hou holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Information System from the Ohio State University in the United States ("US"). Prior to joining the Group in January 2000, he was the managing director of a private company principally engaged in providing satellite TV network solutions in the PRC. Mr. Hou is the younger brother of Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing, an executive Director.

**Ms. Hu Xin**, aged 30, is the compliance officer and one of the authorized representatives of the Company starting from 13 July 2012. She obtained her Bachelor of Management in Accounting from 重慶工學院 (unofficial English translation being Chongqing Institute of Technology, presently known as Chongqing University of Technology (重慶科 技大學)). Ms. Hu has been the general accountant (總帳會計) of ST Electronics (Software Services) Ltd. (新鈳信息系 统 (深圳) 有限公司) and involved in financial management. Ms. Hu has extensive experience in new energy power system data estimates. Ms. Hu joined the Group on 19 March 2012.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William,** aged 57, is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 1987 and an associate member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since 1988. He graduated from the York University of Canada and holds a Master Degree of Business Administration major in finance and a Bachelor Degree of Business Administration major in accounting. He has got more than 18 years' experience taking the positions as chief financial officer in a number of large listed companies and is currently an executive director and the company secretary of China Bio Cassava Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8129), a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands whose securities are listed on GEM and a non-executive director of ViaGOLD Capital Limited, a company incorporated in Bermuda whose securities are listed on The Australian Stock Exchange Limited. Mr. Tam was an independent non-executive director of China Solar Energy Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 155), a company incorporated in Bermuda whose securities are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange until 5 May 2011.

**Mr. Meng Xianglin**, aged 49, gradated from Beijing College of Economics (北京經濟學院) (currently known as Capital University of Economics and Business) and obtained a bachelor degree in economics in 1987. After his graduation, Mr. Meng worked as a committee member of the All-China Federation of Industry & Commerce (中華全國工商業聯合會) until 1992. From 1992 to 2001, he worked as a reporter and editor at Zhong Hua Gong Shang Shi Bao She (中華工商時報社). In 2000, he was granted with the qualification of senior editor (主任編輯) by the General Administration of Press and Publication of the People's Republic of China ("**PRC**"). From 2001 onwards, Mr. Meng is the chief executive officer of an investment company in Beijing. Mr. Meng is experienced in the media and publishing industry, as well as investment. Mr. Meng was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 27 November 2012.

**Mr. Dong Guangwu**, aged 41, gradated from Gangsu Agricultural University and obtained a bachelor degree in agriculture in 1995. In 1996, Mr. Dong studied economic law on part-time basis in the Northwest Institute of Politics and Law (西北政法學院) (currently known as Northwest University of Politics and Law) and graduated in 1998. In 1998, Mr. Dong was granted the Chinese Lawyers Qualification Certificate (中國律師資格證書) by the Judicial Department of the PRC. Mr. Dong has been a practicing lawyer for more than 13 years and is currently a partner of a law firm in the PRC. Mr. Dong was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 27 November 2012.

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Ms. Chan Mi Ling, Anita**, is the chief financial officer, the qualified accountant, company secretary and one of the authorised representatives of the Group. She is in charge of the Group's financial and accounting management. Ms. Chan holds a Master degree in Business Administration from the University of Western Sydney in Australia and a Master degree in Professional Accounting from Jinan University in the PRC. Ms. Chan is also a certified public accountant registered with the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and a fellow member of Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Ms. Chan has over 21 years' experience in the fields of auditing, accounting and finance and have been engaged in international certified public accountants firms, Hong Kong listed companies and multinational company listed overseas. Ms. Chan joined the Group in July 2000.

**Mr. Cao Ming Zhe**, is the chief technical engineer of a subsidiary of the Group responsible for the implementation and maintenance of solar energy projects. He holds a bachelor degree in Computer Science and Technology of the University of Qinghai with the professional qualification of information system supervisor. He has about 9 years of experience in the photovoltaic industry, and had been the technical chief engineer responsible for the implementation and maintenance of Qinghai solar energy project jointly financed by the PRC and Germany, as well as, various photovoltaic power stations projects. He also participated in the research and compilation of articles on the subjects of various photovoltaic industry projects. He is familiar with solar energy industry requirements and standards, and thus is able to design a photovoltaic power station independently in accordance with the requirements. Mr. Cao joined the Group in June 2011.

#### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND VARIATIONS TO REMUNERATIONS

On 15 June 2010, each of Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing and Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen, both being executive Directors, has entered into a new service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 15 June 2010 (which will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other). Pursuant to such service contracts, the monthly salary of each of Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing and Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen is HK\$76,667 and HK\$83,333 respectively. With effect from 1 April 2011, the monthly salary of Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing has been increased from HK\$76,667 to HK\$125,000 and the monthly salary of Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen has been increased from HK\$83,333 to HK\$125,000. Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing had waived his emoluments of approximately HK\$1.4 million during the year ended 31 March 2013.

On 13 May 2013, Mr. Zhang Shenxin and the Company has entered into a service contract, pursuant to which Mr. Zhang is appointed as the executive Director for a term of two years. Mr. Zhang's Director fee would be HK\$52,000 per month and the Company would pay for Mr. Zhang's personal income tax. Mr. Zhang's remuneration was determined with reference to the prevailing market rate, his role and responsibilities.

Save as disclosed herein, there are no existing or proposed service contracts with the Company which is not terminable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

The related party transactions undertaken by the Group as set out in note 38 to the financial statements constituted continuing connected transactions. However, such transactions are exempted from reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS**

Save as disclosed in this report, no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company and its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the financial year or at any time during the financial year.

#### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 March 2013, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("**SFO**")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by the Directors of the Company as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

Name of Directors	Capacity	Number and class of securities (Note 1)	Percentage shareholding in the same class of securities (Note 2)
Mr. Chiu Tung Ping (Executive Director)	Interests of controlled corporation (Note 3)	217,766,038 ordinary shares (L)	23.50%
Ms. Yuen Hing Lan (Executive Director)	Interests of spouse (Note 3)	217,766,038 ordinary shares (L)	23.50%
Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing (Executive Director)	Beneficial owner	131,150,000 ordinary shares (L)	14.15%
Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen (Executive Director)	Beneficial owner	25,370,000 ordinary shares (L)	2.74%

# (A) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" represents the Directors' long positions in the interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company.
- 2. As at 31 March 2013, the entire issued share capital of the Company is 926,592,072 shares of HK\$0.1 each.
- 3. Mr. Chiu Tung Ping and Ms. Yuen Hing Lan held 70% and 30% interest in the entire issued share capital of Good Million Investments Limited. Ms. Yuen Hing Lan is the spouse of Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, and hence both Mr. Chiu Tung Ping and Ms. Yuen Hing Lan were deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Good Million Investments Limited.

## (B) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS/SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY'S ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

Name of Director	Name of associated corporations	Number of shares interested	Nature of interest	Approximate percentage holding of the non-voting deferred shares
Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing (Executive Director)	Truth Honour Electronic Limited	3,000,000 non-voting	Beneficial owner	100% of the non-voting
(Executive Director)	Liectronic Limited	deferred shares	owner	deferred shares
Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing	Soluteck Investments	500,000	Beneficial	100% of the
(Executive Director)	Limited	non-voting	owner	non-voting
		deferred shares		deferred shares

Truth Honour Electronic Limited and Soluteck Investments Limited are subsidiaries of the Company and are thus associated corporations of the Company.

#### INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 March 2013, the following persons or entities, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares in the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Name of shareholders	Number of ordinary shares interested (Note 1)	Capacity	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital as at 31 March 2013 (Note 2)
Good Million Investments Limited	217,766,038 (L)	Beneficial owner (Note 3)	23.50%
Mr. Qin Zhongde	88,000,000 (L)	Beneficial owner (Note 4)	9.50%
China Technology Development Group Corporation	57,313,962 (L)	Beneficial owner (Note 5)	6.19%

Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" represents the long position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company.
- 2. As at 31 March 2013, the entire issued share capital of the Company is 926,592,072 shares of HK\$0.1 each.
- 3. Mr. Chiu Tung Ping and Ms. Yuen Hing Lan, both being executive Directors, held 70% and 30% interest in the entire issued share capital of Good Million Investments Limited.
- 4. Ms. Huang Xiulan is the spouse of Mr. Qin Zhongde. Accordingly, Ms. Huang Xiulan is deemed, by virtue of SFO, to be interested in all the shares in which Mr. Qin Zhongde is interested.
- 5. BHL Solar Technology Company Limited is wholly-owned by China Technology Development Group Corporation.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2013, no person or entity other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares in the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

## SHARE OPTION SCHEMES NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME ADOPTED AS AT 30 JULY 2004

The Company has adopted a new share option scheme ("**New Scheme**") and terminated the Share Option Scheme by shareholders' resolutions passed at its annual general meeting held on 30 July 2004. The New Scheme became effective on 30 July 2004. Upon the termination of the Share Option Scheme on 30 July 2004, no further options may be offered under the Share Option Scheme but the Share Option Scheme would in all respects remain in force to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of the outstanding Pre-IPO Share Options granted under it prior to its termination. The outstanding Pre-IPO Share Options will continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme.

The principal terms of the New Scheme is set out as follows:

The purpose of the New Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group.

Participants under the Scheme include directors and employees of the Group or any entity ("**Invested Entity**") in which the Group holds an equity interest; any suppliers, customers, advisers or consultants of the Group or any Invested Entity; any persons or entities that provide research development or other technological support to the Group or any Invested Entity; any holders of securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and any other groups or classes of participants whom the Board considers have contributed or will contribute to the Group.

The maximum number of shares to be allotted and issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the New Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

The total number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group) to be granted under the New Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of passing of the relevant resolution adopting the New Scheme ("General Scheme Limit"). On the basis that there were a total of 452,612,072 shares in issue as at the date of passing of the relevant resolution of the New Scheme on 30 July 2004, the Directors were allowed to grant options carrying rights to subscribe for a maximum of 45,261,207 shares under the General Scheme Limit.

Up to the date of this report, no options were granted or exercised under the New Scheme. The total number of securities available was 45,261,207 shares, representing approximately 4.88% of the Company's shares in issue as at 31 March 2013.

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each eligible participant (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued shares from time to time.

An option may be accepted by a participant within 21 days from the date of the offer for grant of the option.

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

Unless otherwise determined by the Directors and stated in the offer for the grant of options to grantees, there is no minimum period required under the New Scheme for the holding of an option before it can be exercised.

A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option.

The subscription price for shares under the New Scheme will be a price determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily guotations sheet for five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares.

The New Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the New Scheme is adopted, i.e. until 29 July 2014.

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentage of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

### **PURCHASES**

- the largest supplier: Approximately 81.1 per cent.
- five largest suppliers in aggregate:
- Approximately 99.3 per cent.

### **SALES**

•

- the largest customer: Approximately 18.1 per cent.
  - five largest customers in aggregate: Approximately 59.9 per cent.

None of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) or shareholders which to the knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5 per cent. of the Company's issued share capital, had any interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association, although there are no restrictions against such rights under the laws in the Cayman Islands.

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

### FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Results:					
Revenue	52,349	31,938	31,878	27,966	43,645
Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders	578	(49,691)	(36,352)	(28,625)	(3,176)
Assets and liabilities					
Total assets	303,242	461,594	131,683	60,570	43,302
Total liabilities	(78,552)	(243,160)	(33,139)	(5,296)	(6,541)
Net assets	224,690	218,434	98,544	55,274	36,761

### DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Mr. Tam Kam Biu, William, an independent non-executive Director, is an executive director of China Bio Cassava Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8129). As China Bio Cassava Holdings Limited is also a company which is engaged in business related to research and development of information technology, China Bio Cassava Holdings Limited may be in competition with the Group.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors of the Company has an interest in a business which compete or may compete with the business of the Group.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

A report on the principle corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out on page 15 to 26 of the annual report.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of the annual report.

## **AUDITORS**

The audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2013 have been audited by W.H. Tang & Partners CPA Limited, who will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment as auditor at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. There is no change to the auditors of the Company in the preceding 3 years.

On behalf of the Board **Mr. Chiu Tung Ping** Chairman and executive Director

Hong Kong, 24 June 2013

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

# 鄧偉雄會計師事務所有限公司

Level 7, Parkview Centre, 7 Lau Li Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong.

香港銅鑼灣琉璃街七號 栢景中心七樓

Tel :(852)23426130 Fax :(852)23426006

#### **To the shareholders of China Technology Solar Power Holdings Limited** (incorporated in the Cavman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Technology Solar Power Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 39 to 107, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2013, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

W.H. TANG

**& PARTNERS** 

CPA LIMITED

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2013 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

W.H. Tang & Partners CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants (Practising) TANG Wai Hung

Practising Certificate Number: P03525 Hong Kong, 24 June 2013

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

	Note	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
	NOLE		HK\$ 000
Continuing operations			
Revenue	8	52,349	31,938
Cost of sales		(34,330)	(24,389)
		40.040	7.5.40
Gross profit Other revenue	8	18,019 16,431	7,549 741
Selling expenses	0	(3,219)	(3,344)
Change in fair value of financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss		(6,076)	(11,983)
Administrative expenses	0	(13,927)	(31,480)
Finance costs	9	(7,596)	(6,802)
Profit (Loss) before taxation	10	3,632	(45,319)
Income tax expenses	11	(46)	(45,515) 219
Profit (Loss) for the year from continuing operations		3,586	(45,100)
Discontinued operation	12	(2,000)	(4 501)
Loss for the year from discontinued operation	12	(3,008)	(4,591)
Profit (Loss) for the year		578	(49,691)
		578	(49,091)
Other comprehensive income			
Exchange differences on translation of			
financial statements of overseas subsidiaries		232	2,326
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year		810	(17 265)
Iotal comprehensive income (expenses) for the year		810	(47,365)
Profit (Loss) for the year attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		578	(49,691)
Total comprehensive income (expenses) attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		810	(47,365)
Dividend	14	-	
Earnings (Loss) per share From continuing and discontinued operations			
– Basic	16	0.06 cents	(5.70 cents)
– Diluted	16	N/A	(7.03 cents)
From continuing operations			
– Basic	16	0.39 cents	(5.18 cents)
– Diluted	16	N/A	(6.38 cents)

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

		2013	2012
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	19	855	1,289
Available-for-sale financial assets	20	-	-
Goodwill	21	235,999	235,999
		236,854	237,288
Current assets			
Inventories	22	7,276	9,225
Accounts receivables	23	20,817	8,212
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	24	30,368	3,076
Held-to-maturity financial assets	25	_	11,103
Available-for-sale financial assets	20	-	10,610
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	26	312	6,388
Bank balances and cash	27	7,615	3,849
		CC 200	F2 4C2
Assets classified as held for sale	13	66,388	52,463 171,843
	15		171,045
		66,388	224,306
Current liabilities			
Accounts payables	28	2,833	3,438
Other payables and accruals	29	12,557	47,282
Other loan	30	13,624	7,168
Receipt in advance		401	322
Tax payable		126	-
		20 544	F0 210
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	13	29,541	58,210 119,408
		20 544	
		29,541	177,618
Net current assets		36,847	46,688
Total assets less current liabilities		273,701	283,976
Non-current liabilities			
Convertible bonds	31	34,477	44,845
Deferred tax liabilities	32	14,534	20,697
		49,011	65,542
Net assets		224,690	218,434
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	33	92,659	92,659
Reserves		132,031	125,775
Shareholders' funds		224,690	218,434

The consolidated financial statements on pages 39 to 107 were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors on 24 June 2013 and are signed on its behalf by:

Chiu Tung Ping Director Hou Hsiao Bing Director

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

	Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company								
-	Share capital	Share premium	Warrant reserve (Note (a))	Reserve arising from reorganization (Note (b))	Exchange reserve	Convertible bonds reserve	Retained profits (Deficit)	Discontinued operation	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2011	73,719	85,600	9,680	(24,317)	8,464	2,387	(56,989)	-	98,544
Issue of shares for acquisition of subsidiaries Issue of shares under placement and	13,300	41,230	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,530
subscription agreement	3,240	6,480	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,720
Equity component of convertible bonds (Note (d))	-	-	-	-	-	119,919	-	-	119,919
Redemption of convertible bonds (Note (c)) Deferred tax liabilities arising from the	-	-	-	-	-	(2,387)	2,387	-	-
issuance of convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	(19,787)	-	-	(19,787)
Issue of shares on exercise of convertible bonds Release of deferred tax liabilities on	2,400	9,600	-	-	-	(8,880)	-	-	3,120
exercise of convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	515	-	-	515
Transaction costs on issue of shares	-	(762)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(762)
Transfer to discontinued operation Total comprehensive income (expenses)	-	-	-	-	(576)	-	-	576	-
for the year	-	-	-	-	2,326	-	(49,691)	-	(47,365)
At 31 March 2012 and at 1 April 2012	92,659	142,148	9,680	(24,317)	10,214	91,767	(104,293)	576	218,434
Cancellation of convertible bonds (Note (e)) Release of deferred tax liabilities on	-	-	-	-	-	(30,696)	30,696	-	-
cancellation of convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,066	-	6,066
Transfer to discontinued operation	-	-	-	-	(44)	-	-	44	-
Disposal of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(620)	(620)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	232	-	578	-	810
At 31 March 2013	92,659	142,148	9,680	(24,317)	10,402	61,071	(66,953)	-	224,690

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2010, the Company issued 100,000,000 warrant at HK\$0.10 each for cash. Net proceeds from the issuance of warrant of approximately HK\$9,680,000 was recognized as warrant reserve.
- (b) The reserve arising from reorganization of approximately HK\$24,317,000 represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital of subsidiaries acquired and the cost of investments in these subsidiaries incurred by the Company in exchange thereof, and has been debited to the reserve of the Group.
- (c) In November 2011, the Company redeemed the convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$26,000,000. Equity component of the convertible bonds of approximately HK\$2,387,000 was released to deficit.
- (d) On 1 June 2011, the Company issued convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$163,100,000. Equity component of the convertible bonds of approximately HK\$119,919,000 was recognized in the convertible bonds reserve account.
- (e) On 6 November 2012, there is a cancellation of convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$50,000,000. Equity component of the convertible bonds of approximately HK\$30,696,000 was released to deficit.
- (f) The exchange reserve comprises:
  - (i) The foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries and associates whose functional currencies are different from the functional currency of the Company.
  - (ii) The exchange differences on monetary items which form part of the Group's net investment in the foreign subsidiaries.

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

Note	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit (Loss) before taxation Continuing operations Discontinued operation	3,632 (1,839)	(45,319) (4,591)
A director and four	1,793	(49,910)
Adjustment for: Depreciation Interest income Finance costs Bad debts written off Gain on cancellation of convertible bonds Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,460 (45) 11,337 (607) (15,844) 6,076	1,099 (49) 7,308 – – 11,983
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries	4,407	
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Decrease in inventories (Increase) Decrease in accounts receivables (Increase) Decrease in other receivables, deposits and prepayments Increase in accounts payables (Decrease) Increase in other payables and accruals Increase (Decrease) in receipt in advance	11,577 1,949 (32,941) (52,518) 2,882 (6,867) 78	(29,569) 2,178 1,089 36,880 92,968 45,872 (171)
Cash (used in) from operations Interest paid Overseas taxation paid	(75,840) (2,723) (1,189)	149,247 (1,064) (11)
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(79,752)	148,172
INVESTING ACTIVITIESInterest receivedPurchase of property, plant and equipmentPurchase of construction in progressNet cash outflows on acquisition of subsidiaries37Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries37Purchase of available-for-sale financial assetsPurchase of disposal of available-for-sale financial assetsSales proceeds of disposal of available-for-sale financial assetsSales proceeds of disposal of held-to-maturity financial assetsSales proceeds of disposal of held-to-maturity financial assets	45 (38) - 43,640 - 10,610 11,103	49 (1,661) (109,885) (61,791) - (10,610) (11,103) - -
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	65,360	(195,001)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Shares issued Proceed from issue of equity shares Transaction cost on issue of equity shares Raised of other loan Redemption of convertible bonds	- - 15,171 -	3,240 6,480 (762) 25,370 (26,000)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	15,171	8,328
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	779 6,393 443	(38,501) 43,235 1,659
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	7,615	6,393
Represented by: Bank balances and cash Cash and cash equivalents included in assets held for sale	7,615	3,849 2,544
	7,615	6,393

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

### 1. GENERAL

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Company's registered office is located at Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies and its principal place of business is located at Room 1801, 18/F., Kai Tak Commercial Building, 317 & 319 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the same as functional currency of the Company.

The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the sale of electronic banking systems, printing systems and provision of hardware and software technical support services of computer communication systems, technical development of network communication, development and design of system software, solar energy generation and power system integration business.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 39 to 107 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") and Interpretations ("HK(IFRIC)-Int and HK-Int") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). The consolidated financial statements include the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange ("GEM Listing Rules").

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA:

Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets

The application of the amendments in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised Standards, Amendments and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2009 – 2011 cycle <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures <sup>4</sup>
Amendment to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11	Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements
and HKFRS 12	and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12	Investment Entities <sup>3</sup>
and HKAS 27	
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments <sup>4</sup>
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee Benefits <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate Financial Statements <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities <sup>3</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine <sup>2</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 21	Levies <sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012.

<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

<sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

### AMENDMENTS TO HKAS 1 PRESENTATION OF ITEMS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The amendments to HKAS 1 "Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income" introduce new terminology for the statement of comprehensive income. Under the amendments to HKAS 1, a "statement of comprehensive income" is renamed as a "statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income". The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require items of other comprehensive income to be grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis – the amendments do not change the option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax.

The amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012. The presentation of items of other comprehensive income will be modified accordingly when the amendments are applied in future accounting periods.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

### AMENDMENTS TO HKAS 32 OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS 7 DISCLOSURES – OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify existing application issues relating to the offset of financial assets and financial liabilities requirements. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off" and "simultaneous realization and settlement".

The amendments to HKFRS 7 require entities to disclose information about rights of offset and related arrangements for financial for financial instruments under an enforceable master netting agreement or similar arrangement.

The amendments to HKFRS 7 are effective for the Group for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and interim periods within those annual periods. However, the amendments to HKAS 32 are not effective for the Group until annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2014, with retrospective application required.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of theses amendments does not have material impact to the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements but results in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

# NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS ON CONSOLIDATION, JOINT ARRANGEMENTS, ASSOCIATES AND DISCLOSURES

In June 2011, a package of five standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures was issued, including HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011).

Key requirements of these five standards are described below.

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that deal with consolidated financial statements. HK(SIC) – Int 12 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities will be withdrawn upon the effective date of HKFRS 10. Under HKFRS 10, there is only one basis for consolidation, that is, control. In addition, HKFRS 10 includes a new definition of control that contains three elements: (a) power over an investee, (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Extensive guidance has been added in HKFRS 10 to deal with complex scenarios.

HKFRS 12 is a disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 12 are more extensive than those in the current standards.

In July 2012, the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 were issued to clarify certain transitional guidance on the application of these five HKFRSs for the first time.

These five standards, together with the amendments relating to the transitional guidance, are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 with earlier application permitted provided that all of these standards are applied at the same time.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 will have no effect on the Group as there are no jointly controlled entities in the Group and the Company have control over all group companies under the existing standards.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

## HKFRS 9 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Under HKFRS 9, all recognized financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are subsequently measured at either amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and entity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, an entity may make an irrevocable election to present changes in fair value of equity investments in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income recognized in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015, with earlier application permitted. The application of HKFRS 9 might affect the measurement of the Group's financial assets. The management is still in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of HKFRS 9.

### HKFRS 13 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The Standard defines fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad; it applies to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except in specific circumstances. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 13 are more extensive than those required in the current standards.

HKFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted. The management anticipates that the applications of the new Standard does not have material impact to the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements but results in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

Other than as disclosed above, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarized below. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

## BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

#### BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquire and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (Continued)

#### BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognized at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognized and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* and HKAS 19 *Employee Benefits*, respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or sharebased payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are measured in accordance with that standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

### GOODWILL

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently whenever there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

(a) Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only condition. A disposal group is a group of assets to be disposed of together as a group in a single transaction, and liabilities directly associated with those assets that will be transferred in the transaction.

Immediately before classification as held for sale, the measurement of the non-current assets (and all individual assets and liabilities in a disposal group) is brought up-to-date in accordance with the accounting policies before the reclassification. Then, on initial classification as held for sale and until disposal, the non-current assets (except for certain assets and explained below), or disposal groups, are recognized at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The principal exceptions to this measurement policy so far as the financial statements of the Group and the Company concerned are deferred tax assets and financial assets (other than investments in subsidiaries). These assets, even if held for sale would continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out elsewhere in Note 3.

Non-current assets (and disposal group) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carry amount and fair value less costs to sell.

#### (b) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operation and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operation, or a part of single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operation, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as discontinued operations occurs upon disposal or when the operations meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale (as referred to in (a) above), if earlier. It also occurs when the operation is abandoned.

Where an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented on the face on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, which comprises:

- the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- the post-tax gain or loss recognized on the measurement of fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal of the assets or disposal group(s) constituting the discontinued operations.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when goods are delivered and titled has passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the provision of technical support services, technology consultation and design services is recognized when the services are rendered. The unrecognized portion is recorded as receipt in advance when deposits and instalment payments are received.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life on the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### **GOVERNMENT GRANTS**

Government grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income over the period necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate. Where the grant relates to an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognized in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment comprising leasehold improvements, office equipment, furniture and fixtures and motor vehicles are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	20% – 50%
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures	20%
Motor vehicles	20%

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

### SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors who make strategic decisions.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

### **INVENTORIES**

Inventories, comprising merchandise and spare parts, are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost, calculated on the first-in, first-out basis, comprises cost of purchases. Net realizable value is determined on the basis of anticipated sales proceeds less estimated selling expenses.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

### **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognized until the time of leave.

#### Retirement benefit costs

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees in Hong Kong who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged in profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when an employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The refunded contribution is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income to offset the current year contribution made.

The subsidiaries operating in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") are required to participate in defined contribution retirement schemes, organized by the relevant local government authorities. The subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the retirement schemes, at a rate of 11.0 per cent. to 22.5 per cent. Of the basic salary of their employees and there will be no other future obligations of the Group towards the employees' retirement benefits.

### LEASING

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognized as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, if it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognized because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognized but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognized as a provision.

### TAXATION

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### TAXATION (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the ended of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except when it related to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### FOREIGN CURRENCIES

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## FOREIGN CURRENCIES (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of the Group's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, such exchange differences are recognized in equity in the consolidated financial statements. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the translation reserve). Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operating is disposed of.

### DIVIDENDS

Dividends proposed or declared after the end of reporting date is not recognized as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

# *IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL*

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense immediately.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### Financial assets

The financial assets of the Group are mainly financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest income is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as held-for-trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognized directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including accounts receivables, other receivables, deposits and prepayments, bank balances and cash) are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

#### Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, other than:

- those that the Group upon initial recognition designated as at FVTPL; or
- those that the Group designates as available-for-sale; and
- those that meet the definition of loans and receivables

Held-to-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the investments are derecognized or impaired, as well as through amortisation process.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at FVTPL, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

At the end of each reporting period, subsequent to initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in investment revaluation reserve, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period subsequent to initial recognition.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For an available-for-sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial asset, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrowing will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as accounts receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment of a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of accounts receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss. When an accounts receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets measured at amortized costs, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses were recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent the carrying amount of the financial asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed in profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognized directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in investment revaluation reserve.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including accounts payables, other payables and accruals, receipt in advance and other loan are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Convertible bonds issued by the Company

Convertible bonds issued by the Company contain both the liability and conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instruments. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is classified as an equity instrument.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Convertible bonds issued by the Company (Continued)

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the gross proceeds of the issue of convertible loan notes and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the bonds into equity, is included in equity (convertible bonds reserve).

In subsequent period, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, representing the option to convert the liability component, representing the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible bonds reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible bond equity reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in convertible bonds reserve will be released to the accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortized over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

#### Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized directly in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE

Expenditure on research activities is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is incurred. An internallygenerated intangible asset arising from development expenditure is recognized only if it is anticipated that the development costs incurred on a clearly-defined project will be recovered through future commercial activity.

The resultant asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life, and carried at cost less subsequent accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

The amount initially recognized for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognized, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible asset is reported at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

## **RELATED PARTIES**

A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
  - (vii) a person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are disclosed in Note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

### USEFUL LIVES AND IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account of their estimated residual value. The determination of the useful lives and residual values involve management's estimation. The Group assesses annually the residual value and the useful life of the property, plant and equipment and if the expectation differs from the original estimate, such a difference may impact the depreciation in the year and the estimate will be changed in the future period.

## ALLOWANCE FOR INVENTORIES

The management of the Group reviews an ageing analysis at the end of each reporting date, and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified that are no longer suitable for sales. The management estimates the net realizable value for such inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. The Group carries out an inventory review on a product-by-product basis at the end of each reporting date and makes allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

### ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS

The policy for allowance of bad and doubtful debts of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realizable of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in impairment of their ability to make payments, addition allowance may be required.

# ALLOCATION OF GOODWILL AND THE ESTIMATED IMPAIRMENT OF GOODWILL

The allocation of goodwill between solar energy generation and power system integration business are based on the judgement of the directors of the Company in reference to the future cash flows forecast. Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than previously estimated, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31 March 2013, the carrying amount of goodwill from continuing operations is approximately HK\$235,999,000 (2012: HK\$235,999,000), The Group did not recognize any impairment loss in relation to goodwill arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries. Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in Note 21.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

### 5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes convertible bonds as disclosed in Note 31, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a continuous basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debts.

## 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### 6A. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2013	2012
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	58,800	15,137
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	11,103
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	312	6,388
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	10,610
	2013	2012
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial liabilities		
Amortized cost	63,892	103,055

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

### 6. **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

### 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments to raise finance for the Group's operations comprise convertible bonds. The Group has various other financial instruments such as accounts receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, other receivables, deposits and prepayments, bank balances, heldto-maturity financial assets, available-for-sale financial assets, accounts payables, other payables and accruals, other loan, receipt in advance and convertible bonds which arise directly from its operations. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes.

The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### CREDIT RISK

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its accounts receivables, other receivables and bank balances.

At the end of respective reporting dates, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimize the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of each reporting date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are authorized banks of good standing.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The Group's revenue are denominated and settled in Renminbi ("RMB"), in addition, incurred most of the expenditures for operating purposed as well as capital expenditures in RMB. Most of the subsidiaries' monetary assets and liabilities are also denominated in RMB. Future exchange rate of RMB could vary significantly from the current or historical exchange rates as a result of controls that could be imposed by the PRC government. The exchange rates may also affected by economic developments and political changes domestically and internationally, and supply and demand of RMB. The appreciation or devaluation of RMB against foreign currencies may have positive or negative impact on the result of operations of the Group.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

	Ass	sets	Liabilities		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
RMB	65,545	193,881	13,885	123,869	
United States dollars ("USD")	344	6,658	2,326	-	
	65,889	200,539	16,211	123,869	

The Group and the Company currently do not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arises.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's and Company's sensitivity to a 5% (2012: 5%) increase and decrease in HK\$ against RMB 5% (2012: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used that represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the reporting date for a 5% (2012: 5%) change in foreign currency rates. A negative number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit (2012: decrease in post-tax loss) for the year where relevant currencies strengthen 5% (2012: 5%) against the functional currency of the relevant group entities. For a 5% (2012: 5%) weakening of relevant currencies against the functional currency of the relevant group entities, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the result and the balances below would be positive.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

	Profit	or loss
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
RMB	2,583	3,501

No sensitivity analysis has been presented as the directors consider that the Group's exposure to USD is insignificant on the grounds that Hong Kong dollars is pegged to USD.

### INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group borrowed loan in fixed interest rate to minimize the exposure on cash flow interest rate risk. The Group has exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank deposits that carrying interest at variable rates. The Group does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitor interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The directors consider the Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk of bank deposit is not significant, hence no sensitivity analysis is presented for the year ended 31 March 2013 and 2012.

#### LIQUIDITY RISK

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilization of borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surplus and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the Company's directors when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of reporting date, based on the contracted undiscounted payments. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### LIQUIDITY RISK (Continued)

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period:

2013

		Total		More than	More than	
		contractual	Within 1	1 year but	2 years but	
	Carrying u	undiscounted	year or on	less than	less than	Over
	amounts	cash flows	demands	2 years	5 years	5 years
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accounts payables	2,833	2,833	2,833		-	-
Other payables and accruals	12,557	12,557	12,557	-	-	-
Other loan	13,624	15,018	15,018	-	-	-
Receipt in advance	401	401	401	-	-	-
Convertible bonds	34,477	101,100	4,848	5,537	21,815	68,900
	63,892	131,909	35,657	5,537	21,815	68,900

2012

		Total		More than	More than	
		contractual	Within 1	1 year but	2 years but	
	Carrying	undiscounted	year or on	less than	less than	Over
	amounts	cash flows	demands	2 years	5 years	5 years
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accounts payables	3,438	3,438	3,438	-	-	-
Other payables and accruals	47,282	47,282	47,282	-	-	-
Other loan	7,168	9,028	9,028	-	-	-
Receipt in advance	322	322	322	-	-	-
Convertible bonds	44,845	151,100	6,345	7,246	28,550	108,959
	103,055	211,170	66,415	7,246	28,550	108,959

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

# 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 6C. FAIR VALUE

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair values of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices; and
- the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortized cost in the consolidated financial statements approximated their fair values.

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- (a) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (b) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset and liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- (c) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### Asset measured at fair value

	31 March 2013 HK\$'000	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	312	312		
	512	512		
	312	312	-	
	31 March			
	2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	6,388	6,388		
	6,388	6,388	_	_

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### 7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is organized on the basis of the type of goods or services delivered or provided. Information reported to the Executive Directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods delivered or services provided.

The Group has internal reports about the sales of self-service automatic teller machine ("ATM") systems and printing systems, and the provision of hardware and software technical support services and solar energy generation and power system integration business in the PRC that are regularly reviewed by the Executive Directors of the Company and accordingly, they are considered as four separate operating segments.

According to HKFRS 8, the Group's operating segments are as follows:

### CONTINUING OPERATIONS

- (a) Sales of self-service automatic teller machine systems and printing system;
- (b) Provision of hardware and software technical support services; and
- (c) Power system integration business

#### DISCONTINUED OPERATION

(a) Solar energy generation

### SEGMENT REVENUE AND RESULTS

The following table presents revenue and results for the Group's business segments:

#### Year ended 31 March 2013

	Continuing operations			Discontinued		
	Power system integration business HK\$'000	Sales of goods HK\$'000	Rendering of services HK\$'000	Total HK <b>\$</b> ′000	operation Solar energy generation HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Revenue from external customers	9,488	35,026	7,835	52,349	13,699	66,048
Segment result Other revenue Unallocated cost Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	6,738	406	1,175	8,319	6,326 (4,707)	14,645 16,714 (13,522) (4,707)
Profit from operations Finance costs						13,130 (11,337)
Profit before taxation Income tax expenses						1,793 (1,215)
Profit for the year						578

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

## 7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) SEGMENT REVENUE AND RESULTS (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2012

	Continuing operations			Discontinued		
	Power system integration business HK\$'000	Sales of goods HK\$'000	Rendering of services HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	operation Solar energy generation HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Revenue from external customers	-	23,566	8,372	31,938	-	31,938
Segment result Other revenue Unallocated cost	-	910	(1,704)	(794)	(4,101)	(4,895) 758 (38,465)
Loss from operations Finance costs						(42,602) (7,308)
Loss before taxation Income tax expenses						(49,910) 219
Loss for the year						(49,691)

#### SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

#### Year ended 31 March 2013

Teal ended 51 March 2015	Continuing operations			Discontinued		
	Power system integration business HK\$'000	Sales of goods HK\$'000	Rendering of services HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	operation Solar energy generation HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Segment assets	247,575	47,346	6,670	301,591	-	301,591
Property, plant and equipment (for corporate) Other receivables, deposits and prepayments (for corporate)						157 392
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (for corporate) Bank balances and cash (for corporate)						312 790
Consolidated assets						303,242
Segment liabilities	2,427	10,074	1,363	13,864	-	13,864
Other payables and accruals (for corporate) Other loan (for corporate) Convertible bonds (for corporate) Deferred tax liabilities (for corporate)						11,429 5,576 34,477 13,206
Consolidated liabilities						78,552

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## 7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2012						
		uing operation	S		Discontinued	
	Power system				operation	
	integration	Sales of	Rendering		Solar energy	
	business	goods	of services	Total	generation	Consolidated
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment assets	235,999	35,688	10,705	282,392	171,843	454,235
Property, plant and equipment						
(for corporate)						211
Other receivables, deposits						
and prepayments (for corporate)						467
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss (for corporate)						6,388
Bank balances and cash (for corporate)						293
Consolidated assets						461,594
Segment liabilities	-	3,966	1,588	5,554	119,408	124,962
Other payables and						
accruals (for corporate)						46,913
Other Ioan (for corporate)						7,168
Convertible bonds (for corporate)						44,845
Deferred tax liabilities						11,040
(for corporate)						19,272
Consolidated liabilities						243,160

For the purpose of monitoring segment performances and allocation resources among segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable-segments, other than goodwill and corporate assets of the management companies and investment holdings companies and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments, other than corporate liabilities of the management companies and investment holdings companies such as other payables and accruals, convertible bonds for corporate.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

## 7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) OTHER SEGMENTS INFORMATION

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:

#### Year ended 31 March 2013

	Continuing operations Power system			Discontinued operation		
	integration business HK\$'000	Sales of goods HK\$'000	Rendering of services HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Solar energy	Consolidated HK\$'000
Additions to property, plant and equipment Depreciation of property,	16	-	5	21	17	38
plant and equipment Bad debts written off		67 197	335 391	402 588	4,003 19	4,405 607

Year ended 31 March 2012

	Continuing operations Power system			Discontinued operation			
	integration business HK\$'000	Sales of goods of HK\$'000	Rendering services HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Solar energy generation HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000	
Additions to property, plant and equipment							
<ul> <li>arising from acquisition of subsidiaries</li> </ul>	-	_	-	_	586	586	
– other additions Depreciation of property,	-	325	837	1,162	499	1,661	
plant and equipment	-	379	444	823	196	1,019	

#### **GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION**

No geographical analysis is provided as less than 10% of the consolidated revenue and less than 10% of the operating results of the Group are attributable to markets outside the PRC. Therefore, no geographical information is presented.

#### Information about major customers

Revenues from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Customer A – Sales of goods	223	619
Customer A – Rendering of services	2,983	3,535
Customer B – Sales of goods	2,487	5,906
Customer C – Rendering of services	9,488	-
Customer D – Sales of goods	8,728	276
Customer D – Rendering of services	600	1,153

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## 8. **REVENUE AND OTHER REVENUE**

	Continuing operations Disco		Discontinued	loperation	Consolidated		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Revenue							
Sales of goods	35,026	23,566	-	-	35,026	23,566	
Rendering of services	17,323	8,372	13,699	-	31,022	8,372	
	52,349	31,938	13,699	-	66,048	31,938	
Other revenue							
Bank interest income	43	36	2	13	45	49	
Government subsidy for							
business development	77	144	-	-	77	144	
Gain on trading							
in financial instrument	121	478	-	-	121	478	
Gain on disposal of							
a subsidiary							
(Note 37(A))	300	-	-	-	300	-	
Gain on cancellation of							
convertible bonds	15,844	-	-	-	15,844	-	
Others	46	83	281	4	327	87	
	16,431	741	283	17	16,714	758	
Total revenue	68,780	32,679	13,982	17	82,762	32,696	

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

## 9. FINANCE COSTS

	Continuing operations		Discontinued operation		Consolidated	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Imputed finance costs on						
convertible bonds	5,475	6,244	-	-	5,475	6,244
Interest on other loan	2,121	558	3,741	506	5,862	1,064
	7,596	6,802	3,741	506	11,337	7,308

## **10. PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION**

Profit (Loss) before taxation is stated after crediting and charging the following:

	Continuing operations		Discontinued	Discontinued operation		Consolidated	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Crediting:							
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)	18	164	(6)	(74)	12	90	
Charging:							
Auditors' remuneration	400	355	-	-	400	355	
Bad debts written off	588	6	19	-	607	6	
Cost of inventories	27,289	19,221	-	-	27,289	19,221	
Depreciation	457	903	4,003	196	4,460	1,099	
Change in fair value of financial							
assets at fair value through							
profit or loss	6,076	11,983	-	-	6,076	11,983	
(Gain) Loss on disposal of							
subsidiaries	(300)	-	4,707	-	4,407	-	
Operating leases for land							
and building	1,240	2,043	83	397	1,323	2,440	
Research and development costs	106	94	-	-	106	94	
Staff costs (including directors'							
emoluments and research							
and development costs)	8,765	10,991	669	1,067	9,434	12,058	

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

#### **11. INCOME TAX EXPENSES**

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is exempted from taxation in the Cayman Islands until 2021. The Company's subsidiaries established in the British Virgin Islands is incorporated under the International Business Companies Acts of the British Virgin Islands and, accordingly, is exempted from payment of the British Virgin Islands income taxes.

The Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC are subject to Enterprise Income Tax rate of 25% (2012: 24% – 25%).

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as there is no assessable profit (2012: Nil) for the subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong during the year ended 31 March 2013.

The amount of taxation charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

	Continuing operations		Discontinued	Discontinued operation		lated
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current income tax:						
– Hong Kong Profits Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
– PRC Enterprise Income Tax	146	-	1,169	-	1,315	-
Underprovision in prior years	-	11	-	-	-	11
Deferred taxation (Note 32)	(100)	(230)	-	-	(100)	(230)
Income tax expenses	46	(219)	1,169	-	1,215	(219)

The income tax expenses can be reconciled to the profit (loss) before taxation as per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit (Loss) before taxation		
Continuing operations	3,632	(45,319)
Discontinued operation	(1,839)	(4,591)
	1,793	(49,910)
Calculated at a rate of income tax of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%)	296	(8,235)
Effect of difference rate of income tax in other countries	2,112	(120)
Tax effect on income not subject to tax	(16,744)	_
Tax effect on expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	16,006	7,970
Tax effect on tax losses not recognized	-	396
Tax effect of utilization of tax loss not previously recognized	(355)	-
Others	(100)	(230)
	1,215	(219)

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#### **12. DISCONTINUED OPERATION**

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group disposed 100% equity interest in Qinghai Baike Solar Power Co., Limited ("Qinghai Baike"). Qinghai Baike is engaged in the business of solar energy generation. Details of assets and liabilities of Qinghai Baike disposed are disclosed in Note 37(A). The disposal was completed on 20 November 2012.

The results and cash flows of the discontinued operation (solar energy generation) included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and the consolidated statement of cash flows are set out below:

	From 1 April	From 1 June
	2012 to	2011 to
	20 November	31 March
	2012	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Loss for the period from discontinued operation		
Revenue and other revenue	13,982	17
Expenses	(11,114)	(4,608)
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	(4,707)	
Loss before taxation	(1,839)	(4,591)
Income tax expenses	(1,169)	
Loss for the period from discontinued operation	(3,008)	(4,591)
Cash flows from discontinued operation		
Net cash (outflows) inflows from operating activities	(5,966)	81,047
Net cash inflows (outflows) from investing activities	44,725	(110,379)
Net cash inflows from financing activities	2,546	31,370
Net cash inflows	41,305	2,038

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#### **13. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE**

	2013	2012
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets related to the solar energy generation	-	171,843
Liabilities of the solar energy generation associated with		
assets classified as held for sale	-	119,408
Net assets of the solar energy generation business		
classified as held for sale	-	52,435
Reserve of the solar energy generation business		
classified as held for sale	-	576

Note: The major classes of assets and liabilities comprising the operations classified as held for sale at the date of reporting period are as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment		906
	_	
Construction in progress Goodwill	_	133,884
	-	24,000
Prepayments, deposits and other receivable	-	10,509
Bank balances and cash	-	2,544
Assets related to the solar energy generation		
classified as held for sale	-	171,843
Accounts payables	_	95,282
Accrued liabilities and other payable		3,524
	_	
Other loan (Note)	-	20,602
Liabilities of the solar energy generation		
business associated with assets classified as held for sale	-	119,408
Net assets of the solar energy generation business		
classified as held for sale	_	52,435
		52,455
Exchange reserve	-	576
Reserve of the solar energy generation classified as held for sale	_	576

Note: Other loan of amounting to HK\$7,402,000 is interest bearing on 1% per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Other loan of amounting to HK\$9,006,000 is interest bearing on 6.56% per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Other loan of amounting to HK\$4,194,000 is interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

#### **14. DIVIDEND**

No dividend was paid or proposed during the two years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012 nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of reporting date.

#### **15. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS**

The loss attributable to shareholders is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of a loss of approximately HK\$30,232,000 (2012: approximately HK\$27,128,000).

#### **16. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE**

#### FROM CONTINUING AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing and discontinued operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit (Loss)		
Profit (Loss) for the year attributable to the equity holders		
of the Company	578	(49,691)
	2013	2012
Number of shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of		
basic earnings (loss) per share	926,592,072	871,247,963
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:		
Warrants issued by the Company	(565,188,470)	(163,929,619)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of		
diluted earnings (loss) per share	361,403,602	707,318,344

Outstanding warrants and convertible bonds of the Company are auti-dilutive since their exercise or conversion would result in an increase in basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2013.

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## **16. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE** (Continued) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Profit (Loss) for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Company Less: Loss for the year attributable to the equity holders of	578	(49,691)
the Company from discontinued operation	(3,008)	(4,591)
Profit (Loss) for the purpose of basic earnings (loss) per		
share from continuing operations	3,586	(45,100)

Outstanding warrants and convertible bonds of the Company are auti-dilutive since their exercise or conversion would result in an increase in basic earnings per share from continuing operations for the year ended 31 March 2013.

#### FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATION

Basic loss per share from discontinued operation is HK0.32 cents per share (2012: HK0.53 cents), based on the loss for the year from the discontinued operation of approximately HK\$3,008,000 (2012: approximately HK\$4,591,000) and the denominators detailed above for basic loss per share.

Diluted loss per share from discontinued operation is HK0.83 cents per share (2012: HK0.65 cents), base on the loss for the year from discontinued operation of approximately HK\$3,008,000 (2012: approximately HK\$4,591,000) and weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted loss per share.

## **17. STAFF COSTS (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)**

	Conti	nuing	Discon	tinued		
	opera	ations	operation		Consolidated	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Wages and salaries	8,262	10,387	669	1,067	8,931	11,454
Pension costs – defined						
contribution plans	503	604	-	-	503	604
	8,765	10,991	669	1,067	9,434	12,058

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## **18. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS** (A) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Emoluments paid or payable to each of the eleven (2012: sixteen) directors of the Company during the year were as follows:

2013	Fee HK\$'000	Salaries and other emoluments HK\$'000	Contribution to retirement benefit scheme HK\$'000	Performance- based bonus (Note 7) HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Executive directors:					
Chiu Tung Ping	_	360	_	_	360
Hou Hsiao Bing	_	71	_	_	71
Hou Hsiao Wen	-	1,500	15	-	1,515
Hu Xin	-	120	-	-	120
Leung King Pak (Note 1)	-	34	-	-	34
Yuen Hing Lan	-	120	-	-	120
Independent non-executive directors:					
Tam Kam Biu, William	-	120	-	-	120
Dong Guangwu (Note 2)	-	41	-	-	41
Meng Xianglin (Note 3)	-	41	-	-	41
Yang Guocai (Note 4)	-	66	-	-	66
Zhou Jing (Note 5)	-	66	-	-	66
	-	2,539	15	-	2,554

Note 1: Leung King Pak was resigned as executive director on 13 July 2012.

Note 2: Dong Guangwu was appointed as independent non-executive director on 27 November 2012.

Note 3: Meng Xianglin was appointed as independent non-executive director on 27 November 2012.

Note 4: Yang Guocai was resigned as independent non-executive director on 27 November 2012.

Note 5: Zhou Jing was resigned as independent non-executive director on 27 November 2012.

Note 6: Zhang Shenxin was subsequent appointed as executive director on 13 May 2013.

Note 7: The performance-based bonus is determined by the performance of each individual director for the relevant year.

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## **18. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS** (Continued)

#### (A) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

			Contribution	Performance-	
		Salaries	to retirement	based	
		and other	benefit	bonus	
2012	Fee	emoluments	scheme	(Note 14)	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors:					
Chiu Tung Ping (Note 1)	-	293	-	-	293
Hou Hsiao Bing	-	550	12	-	562
Hou Hsiao Wen	-	1,500	12	-	1,512
Hu Xin (Note 2)	-	4	-	-	4
Leung King Pak (Note 3)	-	100	-	-	100
Ren Huiye (Note 4)	-	149	-	-	149
Wang Daling (Note 5)	-	200	-	-	200
Xu Wei (Note 6)	-	20	-	-	20
Yuen Hing Lan (Note 7)	-	98	-	-	98
Zeng Xiangyi (Note 8)	-	170	-	-	170
Independent non-executive directors:					
Lai Chun Hung (Note 9)	-	20	-	-	20
Tam Kam Biu, William	-	120	-	-	120
Tang Renhao (Note 10)	-	20	-	-	20
Yang Guocai (Note 11)	-	67	-	-	67
Zhang Dandan (Note 12)	-	20	-	-	20
Zhou Jing (Note 13)	-	67	-	-	67
	_	3,398	24	-	3,422

Note 1: Chiu Tung Ping was appointed as executive director and Chairman of the Board on 8 June 2011.

Note 2: Hu Xin was appointed as executive director on 19 March 2012.

Note 3: Leung King Pak was appointed as executive director on 2 June 2011.

Note 4: Ren Huiye was appointed as executive director on 4 August 2011 and resigned on 16 March 2012.

Note 5: Wang Daling was resigned as executive director on 16 March 2012.

Note 6: Xu Wei was resigned as executive director on 9 December 2011.

Note 7: Yuen Hing Lan was appointed as executive director on 8 June 2011.

Note 8: Zeng Xiangyi was resigned as executive director on 9 December 2011.

Note 9: Lai Chun Hung was resigned as independent non-executive director on 5 July 2011.

Note 10: Tang Renhao was resigned as independent non-executive director on 29 July 2011.

Note 11: Yang Guocai was appointed as independent non-executive director on 29 July 2011.

Note 12: Zhang Dandan was resigned as independent non-executive director on 29 July 2011.

Note 13: Zhou Jing was appointed as independent non-executive director on 29 July 2011.

Note 14: The performance-based bonus is determined by the performance of each individual director for the relevant year.

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## **18. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS** (Continued) (B) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2012: three) directors whose emoluments have been disclosed in the preceding paragraph. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2012: two) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	1,249	1,062
Pension costs-defined contribution plans	24	12
	1,273	1,074

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	Number of Individuals		
	2013	2012	
Emoluments bands			
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	3	2	

During the year ended 31 March 2013, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to the directors and the highest paid individuals other than the directors above as bonus, as inducement to join the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2012: Nil).

During the year, the following directors waived their emoluments and details are as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Executive directors		
Hou Hsiao Bing	1,429	950
Xu Wei		60
Independent non-executive directors		
Lai Chun Hung	-	10
Tang Renhao	-	20
Zhang Dandan	-	20

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		Office equipment,		
	Leasehold	furniture	Motor	
	Improvements	and fixtures	vehicles	Tota
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost				
At 1 April 2011	1,061	5,130	609	6,800
Additions	476	430	755	1,661
Acquisition of subsidiaries	-	192	394	58
Exchange adjustment	42	80	11	13
Reclassified as held for sale		(248)	(854)	(1,10)
At 31 March 2012 and				
At 1 April 2012	1,579	5,584	915	8,07
Additions	-	21	-	2
Exchange adjustment	6	9	1	1
At 31 March 2013	1,585	5,614	916	8,11
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2011	582	4,862	344	5,78
Charge for the year	728	127	244	1,09
Exchange adjustment	31	65	2	9
Reclassified as held for sales	-	(45)	(151)	(19
At 31 March 2012 and				
At 1 April 2012	1,341	5,009	439	6,78
Charge for the year	238	110	109	45
Exchange adjustment	6	7	1	1
At 31 March 2013	1,585	5,126	549	7,26
Net book values				
At 31 March 2013	-	488	367	85
At 31 March 2012	238	575	476	1,28

## **19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

#### 20. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

Available-for-sale financial assets are comprised of:

	2013	2012
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted investment, at cost (Note)	190	190
Unlisted investment fund, at cost	-	10,610
	190	10,800
Less: Impairment loss	(190)	(190)
At 31 March	-	10,610
Analysed for:		
Non-current assets	-	-
Current assets	-	10,610
	-	10,610

Note: This is investment in an unlisted private entity incorporated in the PRC. Its fair value information is not disclosed because the related fair value cannot be measured reliably.

#### 21. GOODWILL

	Solar energy generation HK\$'000	Power system integration business HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
COST			
At 1 April 2011	_	_	_
Acquisition of subsidiaries	24,000	235,999	259,999
Reclassified as held for sale	(24,000)	· -	(24,000)
At 31 March 2012, 1 April 2012 and			
At 31 March 2013		235,999	235,999
IMPAIRMENT			
At 1 April 2011	-	_	_
Impairment loss recognized for the year	-	_	
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012			
Impairment loss recognized for the year			<u></u>
At 31 March 2013	-	-	
CARRYING VALUES			
At 31 March 2013	-	235,999	235,999
At 31 March 2012	-	235,999	235,999

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#### **21. GOODWILL** (Continued)

The Group tests goodwill annually for impairment in the financial year in which the acquisition takes place, or more frequently if there is indications that goodwill might be impaired.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the goodwill is approximately HK\$235,999,000 (2012: approximately HK\$259,999,000).

The recoverable amounts of cash generating units ("CGUs") are determined from value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the year. Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. Changes in selling prices and direct costs are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group did not recognized any impairment loss (2012: Nil) in relation to goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiaries.

The key assumption used for cash flow projections for the power system integration business are as follows:

#### Power system integration business

		Year			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Growth rate	100%	262%	(49%)	(38%)	(48%)
Discount rate	9.43%	9.43%	9.43%	9.43%	9.43%

The management estimated the growth rate by reference to the project being under negotiation and the estimated project revenue.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

#### **22. INVENTORIES**

2013	2012
НК\$'000	HK\$'000
8,335	10,049
2,441	2,676
10,776	12,725
(3,500)	(3,500)
7,276	9,225
	HK\$'000 8,335 2,441 10,776 (3,500)

## **23. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES**

	2013	2012
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Accounts receivables	25,591	12,986
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(4,774)	(4,774)
	20,817	8,212

The majority of the Group's sales are on open account in accordance with terms specified in the contracts governing relevant transactions. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

At 31 March 2013 the ageing analysis of the Group's accounts receivables was as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current to 60 days	11,209	3,516
61 – 90 days	1,340	1,284
Over 90 days	13,042	8,186
	25,591	12,986
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(4,774)	(4,774)
	20,817	8,212

As at 31 March 2013, the top five customers accounted for 50.5% (2012: 41.44%) of the Group's accounts receivables.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

## 23. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES (Continued) AGING OF OVERDUE TRADE RECEIVABLES BUT NOT IMPAIRED

The Group has credit policies in place to review the credit worthiness of all existing and potential customers. Credit terms range between 30 and 90 days. As at 31 March 2013, trade receivables of approximately HK\$8,268,000 (2012: approximately HK\$3,412,000) were overdue but not impaired. Management assessed the credit quality of this HK\$8,268,000 by reference to the repayment history and current financial position of the customers. Management believes that no provision for impairment is necessary and these balances are expected to be fully recovered. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The aging of these overdue trade receivables but not impaired is as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
91 to 120 days	1,947	2,373
121 – 150 days	395	965
Over 150 days	5,926	74
	8,268	3,412

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year Exchange adjustment	4,774	4,771
Balance at end of the year	4,774	4,774

#### 24. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

Other receivables, deposits and prepayments included the following:

- (a) Deposit of approximately HK\$23,685,000 (2012: Nil) for purchase of trading goods.
- (b) Loan receivable of approximately HK\$862,000 (2012: Nil). The loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable within one year.
- (c) Loan receivable of approximately HK\$477,000 (2012: Nil), of which approximately HK\$248,000 is unsecured, interest bearing on 6% per annum and repayable within one year. Amounting to HK\$229,000 is unsecured, interest bearing on 12% per annum and repayable within one year.
- (d) Loan receivable of Nil (2012: approximately HK\$197,000). The loan is secured, interest free and repayable within one year.

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#### **25. HELD-TO-MATURITY FINANCIAL ASSETS**

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
The movement in held-to-maturity investments is		
summarized as follow:		
At the beginning of the year	11,103	-
Additions	-	11,103
Disposed during the year	(11,103)	-
At the end of the year	-	11,103

#### 26. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Listed securities held for trading:		
Market value of equity securities listed in New York		
Cost	24,250	24,250
Change in fair value	(23,938)	(17,862)
31 March	312	6,388

The fair value of the above listed securities was determined based on the quoted market bid prices of the listed securities available on the relevant exchanges.

## 27. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	7,615	3,849
Bank balances and cash in the consolidated statement of financial position and in the consolidated statement of cash flows	7,615	3.849

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#### 27. BANK BALANCES AND CASH (Continued)

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash and bank deposits denominated in:		
Hong Kong dollars	789	292
Chinese Renminbi	6,796	3,525
United States dollars	30	32
	7,615	3,849

Included in the balance was approximately HK\$6,773,000 (2012: approximately HK\$3,518,000), representing bank deposits denominated in Renminbi placed with banks in the PRC by the Group. The remittance of these funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange control restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

The effective interest rates on bank deposits ranged from 0.05% to 0.35% (2012: from 0.36% to 0.5%) per annum.

## **28. ACCOUNTS PAYABLES**

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accounts payables	2,833	3,438

At 31 March 2013, the ageing analysis of the Group's accounts payables was as follows:

	2013	2012
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Current to 60 days	2,820	3,425
61 – 90 days	-	
Over 90 days	13	13
	2,833	3,438

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

#### **29. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS**

Included in other payables and accruals, there are amounts due to executive directors, Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen, Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing and Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, the amounts are HK\$3,275,000 (2012: HK\$700,000), approximately HK\$1,737,000 (2012: approximately HK\$1,903,000) and Nil (2012: HK\$29,000,000) respectively. The amounts are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment terms.

There are amount due to Dynatek Limited and Good Million Investments Limited amounting to HK\$360,000 (2012: HK\$300,000) and Nil (2012: HK\$8,200,000) respectively. The amounts are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment terms.

Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing is the common director of the Company and Dynatek Limited.

Mr. Chiu Tung Ping and Ms. Yuen Hing Lan held interest in Good Million Investments Limited.

#### **30. OTHER LOAN**

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Other loan (note a)	13,624	7,168

(a) Other loan amounting to Nil (2012: approximately HK\$6,168,000) is interest bearing at a range of 24%-30% per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Other loan amounting to Nil (2012: HK\$1,000,000) is interest bearing on 1% per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Other loan amounting to approximately HK\$8,048,000 (2012: Nil) is interest bearing on 9% per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Other loan amounting to approximately HK\$5,576,000 (2012: Nil) is interest bearing on 12% per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Borrowings are repayable as follows:

	2013	2012
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
On demand or within one year	13,624	7,168
Less: Amount shown under non-current liabilities	-	-
Amount shown under current liabilities	13,624	7,168

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#### **31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

#### (A) ZERO-COUPON BONDS DUE 2011

On 5 November 2010, the Company issued the Bonds due on 5 November 2011 with a principal amount of HK\$26,000,000, which is interest free, as a general working capital for the Company's business expansion. The Bonds are convertible into fully paid ordinary shares with a conversion price of HK\$0.5 per conversion share.

Upon full conversion of the Bonds at the conversion price of HK\$0.5 per ordinary share of the Company, a total of 52,000,000 new ordinary shares, would be issued by the Company upon the exercise of the conversion rights attached to the Bonds. The Company shall redeem any convertible bonds which remain outstanding on the maturity date at its principal amount.

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Company redeemed the Bonds totaling HK\$26,000,000 (the "Redemption").

The convertible bonds contain liability and equity components. The effective interest rate of the liability component is 9.8652% per annum. The equity component is presented under the equity heading of "convertible bonds reserve".

The fair value of the liability component of the convertible bonds at the issue date was valued by an independent valuer determined based on the present value of the estimated future cash outflows discounted at the prevailing market rate for an equivalent non-convertible loan.

The Redemption resulted in a decrease of HK\$2,387,000 in the convertible bonds reserve.

The movement of the liability component of the convertible bonds for the year is set out below:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	24,540
Nominal value of convertible bonds issued	-	
Equity component	-	-
Liability component at the beginning of the year	-	24,540
Imputed finance costs (Note 9)	-	1,460
Convertible bonds redemption	-	(26,000)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	-	_

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#### **31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS** (Continued)

#### (B) 2011 CONVERTIBLE BONDS ("2011 CB")

On 1 June 2011 ("Issue Date"), the Company issued the ten-year zero coupon convertible bonds at par with a nominal value of HK\$163,100,000 to the vendor, in acquiring of the entire issued share capital of CTSP (BVI) and its subsidiaries. The convertible bonds are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The bonds entitle the holders to convert them into ordinary shares of the Company at any time between the date of issue of the bonds and their settlement date on 1 June 2021 ("Maturity Date") at a conversion price of HK\$0.5 per share. If the bonds have not been converted, they will be redeemed on Maturity Date at par.

The 2011 CB was divided into Tranche I Convertible bonds ("Tranche I CB") and Tranche II Convertible bonds ("Tranche II CB") of HK\$113,000,000 and HK\$50,000,000 respectively. For Tranche I CB, the CB holders are not subject to any restriction for exercising the conversion of Tranche I CB into share. For Tranche II CB, the amount should be subject to change in restrict to a profit guarantee made by the vendor to the Company. Refer to a supplementary agreement made between the vendor and the Company on 30 January 2012, the amount of profit guarantee was increased to HK\$40,000,000 and the guarantee period was extended to 30 September 2012. In the event that the profit guarantee could not be achieved, the principal amount of the Tranche II CB will be adjusted to HK\$0 if the profit guarantee is equivalent to or less than HK\$15,000,000 or a loss.

The Tranche II CB shall be held under escrow pursuant to an escrow agent agreement to be executed by the Company and the vendor for the purpose of effectuating the downward adjustment of consideration in the event that the target profit could not be achieved.

On 2 September 2012, City Max International Limited, the Company, Good Million Investments Limited, Mr. Chiu Tung Ping and Ms. Yuen Hing Lan entered into the second supplemental agreement ("Second Supplemental Agreement") to amend certain terms of the Agreement (as supplemented and amended by the Supplemental Agreement). Under the Second Supplemental Agreement, it was proposed that the Target Profit Period would be deferred to cover the period of 12 months ending on 31 March 2013. The Second Supplemental Agreement was terminated by the parties by a termination agreement dated 24 September 2012, details of which were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 24 September 2012.

Based on the audited consolidated financial statements of CTSP (BVI) and its subsidiaries ("Target Group") for the 12 months ended 30 September 2012, the Target Group recorded a loss of HK\$77,094. On such basis, the amended target profit of HK\$40,000,000 under the Agreement (as supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement) was not achieved and the principal amount of the Tranche II CB in the principal amount of HK\$50,000,000 was adjusted to HK\$0.

During the year ended 31 March 2012, Tranche I CB with a nominal value of HK\$12,000,000 were converted by the bondholders into 24,000,000 ordinary shares at a conversion price of HK\$0.5 per ordinary share.

The 2011 CB contain liability and equity components. The effective interest rate of the liability component is 11.844% per annum. The equity component is presented under the equity heading of "convertible bonds reserve".

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#### **31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS** (Continued)

Release on conversion to ordinary shares

Release of deferred tax liabilities on exercise

## (B) 2011 CONVERTIBLE BONDS ("2011 CB") (Continued)

The fair value of the liability component of the convertible bonds at the issue date was valued by an independent valuer determined based on the present value of the estimated future cash outflows discounted at the prevailing market rate for an equivalent non-convertible loan.

2013

	Tranche I	Tranche II	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	НК\$'000
Equity component of convertible bonds			
at the beginning of the year	61,071	30,696	91,767
Release of convertible bonds reserve	01,071	50,090	91,707
due to the cancellation of convertible bonds	-	(30,696)	(30,696)
Equity component	61,071	-	61,071
Liability component at the beginning of the year	30,141	14,704	44,845
Imputed finance costs (Note 9)	4,336	1,139	5,475
Release of convertible bonds liability	4,550	1,155	5,475
due to the cancellation of convertible bonds		(15,843)	(15,843)
		(15,045)	(15,645)
Liability component at 31 March	34,477	-	34,477
2012			
	Tranche I	Tranche II	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	02 157		110.010
Equity component of convertible bonds issued	83,157	36,762	119,919
Deferred tax liabilities arising from the issuance			
of convertible bonds	(13,721)	(6,066)	(19,787)

of convertible bonds	515	-	515
Equity component	61,071	30,696	91,767
Liability component at the issuance date	29,943	13,238	43,181
Imputed finance costs (Note 9)	3,318	1,466	4,784
Release on conversion to ordinary shares	(3,120)	-	(3,120)
Liability component at 31 March	30,141	14,704	44,845

(8,880)

(8, 880)

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#### **32. DEFERRED TAXATION**

The movement on the deferred tax liabilities account is as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April	20,697	1,626
Exchange adjustment	3	29
Deferred taxation charged to convertible bonds reserve	-	19,272
Deferred taxation released on cancellation of convertible bonds	(6,066)	-
Deferred taxation credited to		
consolidated statement of comprehensive income (Note 11)	(100)	(230)
At 31 March	14,534	20,697

Deferred tax assets are recognized for tax losses carry forwards to the extent that the realization of related tax benefits through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group did not recognize deferred tax assets of approximately HK\$6,176,000 (2012: approximately HK\$6,422,000) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. Losses amounting to approximately HK\$37,431,000 (2012: approximately HK\$38,920,000). The tax losses of approximately HK\$2,394,000 (2012: approximately HK\$3,883,000) that will expire within 1-5 years from the year origination. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year is as follows:

#### DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	Accelerated tax		Other ter	nporary			
	depreciation		differ	ence	Total		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
At 1 April	-	-	21,272	2,802	21,272	2,802	
Exchange adjustment	-	-	5	75	5	75	
Charged to convertible							
bonds reserve	-	-	-	19,787	-	19,787	
Release on exercise of							
convertible bonds	-	-	-	(515)	-	(515)	
Release on cancellation of							
convertible bonds	-		(6,066)	— I - I	(6,066)		
Charged (Credited) to							
consolidated statement of							
comprehensive income	-	-	209	(877)	209	(877)	
At 31 March	-	-	15,420	21,272	15,420	21,272	

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

## **32. DEFERRED TAXATION** (Continued) DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

	Other temporary							
	Provision		Tax losses		differences		Total	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	НК\$'000	HK\$'000	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April	-	_	-	_	575	1,176	575	1,176
Exchange adjustment	-	-	-	-	2	46	2	46
Credited (Charged)								
to consolidated								
statement of								
comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	309	(647)	309	(647)
At 31 March	-	_	-	-	886	575	886	575

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Deferred tax assets	886	575
Deferred tax liabilities	(15,420)	(21,272)
	(14,534)	(20,697)

Deferred tax liabilities are to be recovered and settled after more than 12 months.

#### **33. SHARE CAPITAL**

	Authorized Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each		
	No. of shares	HK\$'000	
At 1 April 2011	1,000,000,000	100,000	
Increase in authorized ordinary shares	1,500,000,000	150,000	
At 31 March 2012, 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	2,500,000,000	250,000	

At an ordinary resolutions passed on 31 May 2011, the authorized share capital of the Company was increased to HK\$250,000,000 by the creation of an additional 1,500,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each.

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#### **33. SHARE CAPITAL** (Continued)

	Issued and fully paid Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each		
	No. of shares	HK\$'000	
At 1 April 2011	737,192,072	73,719	
Shares issued pursuant to acquisition of subsidiaries	133,000,000	13,300	
Shares issued pursuant to placing and subscription agreement	32,400,000	3,240	
Shares issued pursuant to exercise of convertible bonds	24,000,000	2,400	
At 31 March 2012, 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	926,592,072	92,659	

In the year ended 31 March 2012, the movements in share capital were as follows:

#### (A) SHARES ISSUED FOR ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 1 June 2011, the Company acquired 100% of the equity interest in CTSP (BVI) by the issuance and allotment of 133,000,000 consideration shares of the Company, issuance of the Tranche I & Tranche II convertible bonds with nominal value of HK\$113,100,000 and HK\$50,000,000 respectively and cash amounted to HK\$62,400,000. The fair value of the shares issued at the date of acquisition amounted to HK\$54,530,000. An amount of HK\$41,230,000 representing the excess of the fair value over the nominal value of the shares issued of HK\$13,300,000 has been included in share premium account.

#### (B) ISSUANCE OF NEW SHARES

On 12 and 14 December 2011, pursuant to the Top-up Placing Agreements and the Subscription Agreement, 32,400,000 placing shares of HK\$0.3 each was issued, for cash. The total proceeds and net proceeds from the placing of shares, after deducting all related expenses, were approximately HK\$9,720,000 and HK\$8,958,000 respectively. The Company has utilized the net proceed for providing general working capital for the Company's business expansion.

#### (C) SHARES ISSUED ON EXERCISE OF CONVERTIBLE BONDS

For the year ended 31 March 2012, Tranche I convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$12,000,000 were converted into 24,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each in the Company at the conversion price of HK\$0.5 per share.

All new ordinary shares rank pari passu in all respects with other ordinary shares in issue.

#### **ISSUANCE OF UNLISTED WARRANTS**

On 23 December 2009, 100,000,000 unlisted warrants of HK\$0.1 each for cash had been issued. The total proceeds and net proceeds from the placing of warrants, after deducting all related expenses, were approximately HK\$10,000,000 and HK\$9,680,000. The Company has utilized the net proceed as general working capital. During the year, no warrant was exercised.

For The Year Ended 31 March 2013

#### 33. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued) SHARE OPTIONS

The Company has adopted a new share option scheme ("New Scheme") by shareholders' resolutions passed at its Annual General Meeting held on 30 July 2004. The New Scheme became effective on 30 July 2004. No option shares have been granted under the New Scheme to any person since its adoption (2012: Nil).

#### **34. BANKING FACILITIES**

As at 31 March 2013, the Group did not have any banking facilities (2012: Nil).

#### **35. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES – LAND AND BUILDINGS**

At 31 March 2013, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under operating leases as follows:

#### CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Not later than one year	785	1,076
Later than one year and not later than five years	302	-
	1,087	1,076

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office premises. Leases and rentals are negotiated and fixed for an average of two years.

The Group did not have significant lease commitment for discontinued operation.

#### **36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
CONTINUING OPERATIONS		
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided		
in the consolidated financial statements in respect of:		
<ul> <li>– capital injection to subsidiaries</li> </ul>	13,260	54,593

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## 36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS (Continued)

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
DISCONTINUED OPERATION		
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in		
the consolidated financial statements in respect of:		
<ul> <li>acquisition of construction in progress</li> </ul>	-	25,154

## 37. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (A) DISPOSAL OF INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the Company disposed investments in subsidiaries, Qinghai Baike Solar Power Co., Limited ("Qinghai Baike") and Oceania City Investment Company Limited ("Oceania"). Details of the disposal was summarized as follows:

	Qinghai Baike	Oceania	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
NET ASSETS DISPOSED			
Property, plant and equipment	124,568	-	124,568
Construction in progress	2,904	-	2,904
Goodwill	24,000	_	24,000
Trade and bills receivable	20,335	-	20,335
Prepayment, deposits and other receivable	36,343	-	36,343
Bank balances and cash	1,403	-	1,403
Trade payables	(98,769)	-	(98,769)
Accrued liabilities and other payable	(31,398)	-	(31,398)
Other loan	(29,316)	-	(29,316)
Net assets	50,070	_	50,070
Less: Release of translation reserve	(620)	-	(620)
(Loss) Gain on disposal	(4,707)	300	(4,407)
Total consideration	44,743	300	45,043
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:			
Total consideration	44,743	300	45,043
Bank balances and cash	(1,403)	-	(1,403)
	43,340	300	43,640

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# **37. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** (Continued) (B) ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 13 December 2010, the Group entered into the acquisition agreements to acquire the entire issued share capital in the China Technology Solar Power Holdings Limited ("CTSP (BVI)") and its subsidiaries for consideration of HK\$280,030,000 ("Acquisition"). The acquisition was completed on 1 June 2011.

CTSP (BVI) and its subsidiaries is principally engaged in solar energy generation and related power system integration business in the PRC.

The Acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method.

Assets and liabilities recognized at the date of acquisition:

The assets and liabilities of CTSP (BVI) recognized at the date of acquisition, and goodwill arising, are as follows:

	Fair value
	HK\$'000
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	586
Construction in progress	23,334
Current assets	
Trade and other receivables	2,106
Cash and cash equivalents	609
Current liabilities	
Trade and other payables	4,205
Other loan	2,399
	20,031

The fair value of trade and other receivables amounted to HK\$2,106,000, representing the gross contractual amounts at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil.

Acquisition related costs amounting to approximately HK\$4,784,000 in 2012 have been excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognized as an expenses, within the administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

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#### 37. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

#### (B) ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

280,030
(20,031)
259,999

The amount of goodwill arising as a result of the Acquisition was approximately HK\$259,999,000. Goodwill arose on the acquisition of CTSP (BVI) because the cost of combination included a control premium and the assembled workforce of CTSP (BVI). In additions, the consideration paid for the combination effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth and future market development of the solar power energy and system integration. These benefits are not recognized separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets. None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

#### Net cash outflow arising on acquisition of CTSP (BVI)

	HK\$'000
Consideration paid in cash	62,400
Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(609)
Net cash outflows on acquisition of subsidiaries	61,791

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#### **38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the year, the Group undertook the following material transactions with the directors and/or related parties, some of which are also deemed to be connected persons pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules. The transactions during the year are as follows:

#### (A) TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED OR RELATED PARTIES

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Rental paid to directors	(i)	22	86
Rental paid to the related parties	(ii)	508	506
Disposal of a subsidiary to a related party	(iii)	390	-

Note:

- (i) The Group leased an office premise from Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen (an executive director) and Ms. Chung Yuk Hung (a relative of Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing and Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen), in Beijing of the PRC for the Group's use.
- (ii) The Group leased office premises from Dynatek Limited ("Dynatek") in Hong Kong at an annual rental of HK\$360,000 (2012: HK\$360,000) for the Group's use for the year ended 31 March 2013. Besides, the Group leased office premises from Ms. Tsou Lo Nien and Ms. Chung Po Chu in Shanghai, the PRC, at an annual rental of approximately HK\$148,000 (2012: approximately HK\$146,000) for the Group's use. Dynatek is owned by Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing, the executive director of the Group. Ms. Tsou Lo Nien is a relative of Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing and Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen and Ms. Chung Po Chu is the mother of Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing and Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen.
- (iii) During the year, the Company disposed a subsidiary, China Technology Solar Power Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, to Eternal Reach Investments Limited at HK\$390,000, of which Mr. Chiu Tung Ping has interest.

## (B) BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Included in other payables and accruals, there are amounts due to executive directors, Mr. Hou Hsiao Wen, Mr. Hou Hsiao Bing and Mr. Chiu Tung Ping, the amounts are HK\$3,275,000 (2012: HK\$700,000), approximately HK\$1,737,000 (2012: approximately HK\$1,903,000) and Nil (2012: HK\$29,000,000) respectively. The amounts are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment terms.

There are also amount due to Dynatek Limited and Good Million Investments Limited amounting to HK\$360,000 (2012:HK\$300,000) and Nil (2012: HK\$8,200,000) respectively. The amounts are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment terms.

#### (C) COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	2,920 29	4,192 36
	2,949	4,228

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#### **39. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS**

- (a) During the year, the Company disposed a subsidiary, China Technology Solar Power Limited, a company incorporated in British Virgin Islands, to Eternal Reach Investments Limited at cost of HK\$390,000.
- (b) During the year, the Group incurred imputed finance costs on convertible bonds of approximately HK\$5,475,000 (2012: approximately HK\$6,244,000).

## 40. SUMMARIZED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

#### (A) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	2013	2012
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Non current accets		
Non-current assets	222.240	200,400
Interests in subsidiaries	323,249	389,406
Current assets		
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	277	418
Financial assets		110
at fair value through profit or loss	312	6,388
Bank balances and cash	29	29
	23	
	618	6,835
Current liabilities		
Other payables and accruals	1,486	27,482
Other loan	-	6,168
Amount due to a subsidiary	390	
	1,876	33,650
Net current liabilities	(1,258)	(26,815)
	(1,230)	(20,013)
Total assets less current liabilities	321,991	362,591
Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	42.200	10.272
Convertible bonds	13,206	19,272
	34,477	44,845
	47,683	64,117
Net assets	274,308	298,474
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	92,659	92,659
Reserves	181,649	205,815
-	101,045	205,015
Shareholders' funds	274,308	298,474

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# **40.** SUMMARIZED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

## (B) RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

	Share premium		Convertible bonds reserve	Deficit	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2011	85,600	9,680	2,387	(13,039)	84,628
Issue of shares for acquisition					
of subsidiaries	41,230	-	-	-	41,230
Issue of shares under placement					
and subscription agreement	6,480	-	-	-	6,480
Equity component of					
convertible bonds	-	-	119,919	-	119,919
Redemption of convertible bonds	-	-	(2,387)	2,387	-
Deferred tax liabilities arising from					
the issuance of convertible bonds	-	-	(19,787)	-	(19,787)
Issue of shares on exercise					
of convertible bonds	9,600	-	(8,880)	-	720
Release of deferred tax liabilities					
on exercise of convertible bonds	-	-	515	-	515
Transaction costs on issue of shares	(762)	-	-	-	(762)
Total comprehensive expenses for the year	-		-	(27,128)	(27,128)
At 31 March 2012 and					
At 1 April 2012	142,148	9,680	91,767	(37,780)	205,815
Cancellation of convertible bonds	142,140	9,000	(30,696)	30,696	205,615
	_	_	(50,090)	50,090	_
Release of deferred tax liabilities on cancellation of convertible bonds				C 0.CC	
	-	-	-	6,066	6,066
Total comprehensive expenses for the year	-	-	-	(30,232)	(30,232)
At 31 March 2013	142,148	9,680	61,071	(31,250)	181,649

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## 41. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

The following is a list of subsidiaries as at 31 March 2013:

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation and type of legal entity	Principal activities	Particular of issued shares capital/ Registered capital	Interest held %
Subsidiary held directly: Soluteck (BVI) Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), limited liability company	Investment holding	1,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100
Delight Value Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	1 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100
City Max International Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	1 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100
Unison Ever Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100
Subsidiary held indirectly:				
Soluteck Investments Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Investment holding	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each and 500,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each	100
Truth Honour Electronic Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Investment holding	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each and 3,000,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each	100
Truth Honour Electronic (GFTZ) Limited	People's Republic of China ("PRC"), limited liability company	Inactive	Registered capital of US\$200,000	100

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## 41. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

<b>Name of company</b>  Truth Honour (BVI)	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation and type of legal entity BVI,	Principal activities	Particular of issued shares capital/ Registered capital	Interest held % 100
Holdings Limited Delta International	limited liability company Hong Kong,	Inactive	of US\$1 each 1 ordinary share	100
Development Limited 北京金聯通信息技術	limited liability company PRC,	Inactive	of HK\$1 each Registered capital	100
有限公司 信興電子技術(成都)	limited liability company PRC,	Inactive	of US\$150,000 Registered capital	100
有限公司 一創信興(上海)計算機	limited liability company PRC,	Provision of technical	of US\$150,000 Registered capital	100
技術有限公司	limited liability company	support of computer communication systems, technical development of network communication, development and design of system software, sales of self-produced products and provision of related technical and consultation services	of US\$1,300,000	
信興通(北京)信息 技術有限公司	PRC, limited liability company	Inactive	Registered capital of US\$150,000	100
China Technology Solar Power Holdings Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	2 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100

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## 41. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation and type of legal entity	Principal activities	Particular of issued shares capital/ Registered capital	Interest held %
中科光電控股有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Inactive	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100
一創信興(上海)電子 技術有限公司	PRC, limited liability company	Sale of self-services ATM systems and printing systems and provision of related hardware and software technical support services	Registered capital of US\$1,400,000	100
青海宏科新能源集成 科技有限公司	PRC, limited liability company	Inactive	Registered capital of US\$1,000,000	100
陝西百科新能源 科技發展有限公司	PRC, limited liability company	Power system integration	Registered capital of US\$1,000,000	100
China Technology Solar Power Energy Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Inactive	50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100

## 42. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors of the company on 24 June 2013.